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Office of the Medical Examiner

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BROWN, MICHAEL

2014-5143 Exam Case

#### Narrative Report of Investigation

At 1330 hours I was contacted by Sergeant STEVENER DSN-2968, of the St. Louis County Police Department as he requested that I respond to 2949 Canfield for the Officer Involved shooting of Mr. MICHAEL BROWN, black male age of 18 years. The deceased mother was on the scene. The deceased was properly conveyed to this facility for examination by Dr. NORFLEET.

The deceased was properly conveyed in a white body bag which was secured with U-line lock # 0867377.

I arrived on the scene at approximately 1430 hours which was located in the Canfield Apartments. There I was met by numerous officers of the St. Louis County Police Department and they directed my attention to the deceased who was located in the middle of the roadway with his head pointed west and his feet east. The deceased had been covered with several white sheets.

The deceased was lying in the prone position. His right arm was slightly extended away from his side. His left arm was next to his side his lower arm was beneath his abdomen and his hand was near the waist band of his shorts. He was clothed in a pair of yellow socks, tan shorts blue underwear and a gray t-shirt. The deceased shoes, (flip flops) were west of the deceased lying in the roadway. A red baseball cap was near the police vehicle.

The deceased was cool to the touch. Rigor mortis was slightly felt in his extremities.

The deceased body sustained multiple gunshot wounds; three (3) wound to his head, one wound was to the top of his head, right eye and right central forehead area. There were two (2) wounds to his chest, one wound to his upper right chest near his neck and the other was just right of his breast. Three (3) wounds to his right arm, one wound in his upper right arm, middle of the arm and one to his forearm. One (1) wound to the inside of his right hand near his thumb and palm.

The deceased had abrasions to the right side of his face and on the back of his left hand.

The deceased hands were bagged with paper bags to save any trace evidence.

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It was reported that the deceased mother, Ms. LESLEY MCSPADDEN was on the scene and identified the deceased and she described a tattoo which read Big M I K E on his right forearm. It was unknown at the time if she visual identified the deceased or only described the tattoo. I did observed the tattoo on his right arm.

Det. HOKAMP DSN-3476 of the St. Louis County Police Department provided the following preliminary investigative details: The deceased and another individual were walking down the middle of the Canfield. Officer D. WILSON DSN-609, of the Ferguson Police Department observed the two individuals, he requested that they get out of the roadway.

The deceased became belligerent towards Officer WILSON. As Officer WILSON attempted to exit out of his patrol vehicle the deceased pushed his door shut and began to struggle with Officer WILSON, during the struggle the Officers weapon was un-holstered. The weapon discharged during the struggle.

The deceased then ran down the roadway. Officer WILSON then began to chase the deceased. As he was giving chase to the deceased, the deceased turned around and ran towards Officer WILSON. Officer WILSON had his service weapon drawn, as the deceased began to run towards him, he discharged his service weapon several times.

As this is preliminary information it was not known in which order or how many time the officer fired his weapon during the confrontation.

The St. Louis County Police Department was requested to investigate and process the scene.

Dr. NORFLEET was made aware of the above circumstances and elected to have the forensic examination at 0800 hours on 8-10-2014. The St. Louis County Police were made aware of the time.

Any additional information will follow in the usual supplemental manner.

Wendell Payne Medicolegal Investigator

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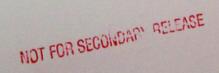
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BROWN, N	AICHAEL O	.D.					2014-5143
	Day: Saturday Date: 08/09/2014			Time: 01:30 pm		Case Type:	Exam Ca
	ed From: P. Agency/Instituti			e Department		ne No.: (314	) 889-2341
Race: Bl: Marital St Address: Occupation Next of Kin: Address: Relations	atus: Never Mon/Industry: HEAD, LES hip: MOTHE 8/9/2014 3:0	Married Not Current ELEY R 00:00PM uis County P	ly Employed /	Coun City: Coun	Age: 18 years  Dellwood  ty: St. Louis Cou  Pho  Dellwood  ty: St. Louis Cou  ON THE SCENE  Ph	SSN State anty (189 Zip: one No.: Stat aty (189) Zip: one No.: (314	e: MO 63136
7 - 7 - 8 - 7	Date	Time		Location			By
Occurred	08/09/2014	12:04 pm	2947 CANFIELD DRIVE, Ferguson, MO 63136 [St. Louis County (189)]			(Insurance)	
Pronounced	08/09/2014	12:18 pm	2947 CANFIELD DRIVE, Ferguson, MO 63136 [St. Louis County (189)] ( Other:)				tian Hospital EMS amedic Johnson
	Occurred: Roadway ths Associated	Firearms-F Gunshot Wo		Law Enforcemen	ı	Injury at W	Vork? No
	cedent.						
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Pathologist:

Norfleet, Gershom

Autopsy Performed?

Yes

X-Rays Requested:

No

Case Disposition: Brought in for Examination

General Scene Description:

Other

Disposition of Body:

Unknown

Livery Service: St. Louis Livery Service Inc.

When:

Body Released: Status: Released Authorized Arrangements Made? No

Arrangements Authorized By:

Authorized By: Norfleet, Gershom

When: Phone No.: (314) 381-6900

Funeral Home: Austin A. Layne, Mortuary Inc. Address: 7239 West Florissant, St. Louis, MO 63136

Who:

When:

Notified By:

Address:

Released By: Camper-Shaffer, Ladonne

also released:

Property

When: 8/18/2014 02:50 pm

Remains Visually Identified By:

Who: INV. PAYNE

Date/Time: 8/9/2014 4:00:00PM

Relationship: INVESTIGATOR

Phone No.:

ICD Code:

Cause of Death:

Immediate Cause: Gunshot wounds of head and chest

Due to (or as a consequence of) (b):

Due to (or as a consequence of) (c):

Due to (or as a consequence of) (d):

Other Significant Conditions (1):

Other Significant Conditions (2):

Time Interval

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BROWN, MICHAEL

2014-5143 Exam Case

#### Post-Mortem Examination

Name of Deceased: BROWN, MICHAEL

Date/Time of Medical Examiner Notification: 8/9/2014 1:30:00 PM Date/Time of Pathologist's Examination: 8/10/2014 8:00 AM Date/Time of Pronounced Death: 8/9/2014 12:15:00 PM

Race: Black Sex: Male Age: 18 years

Date of Birth: 5/20/1996 Investigator: Wendell Payne Pathologist: Gershom Norfleet, M.D. Depth of Investigation (Investigator): Scene

Depth of Investigation (Pathologist): Complete Autopsy

Police Agency: St. Louis County Police Department (Complaint No.: 2014-43984)

External Examination: The body is clothed in a pair of yellow socks with black leafs, brown shorts with pockets, blue underwear, a gray short sleeved t-shirt (with defects), and a black cloth belt. The appearance of age is approximately as stated. The body weight is 289 pounds and the body length is 77 inches. The state of preservation is good in this unembalmed body. Rigor mortis is well developed. The body is heavier than ideal weight base upon height (BMI 34.2 kg/m²). Lividity is difficult to access due to natural skin pigmentation. There is no peripheral edema present. Personal hygiene is good. No unusual odor is detected as the body is examined. There is no abnormal skin pigmentation present. There is no external lymphadenopathy present. The hair is black. This represents the apparent natural color. The hair is worn short to medium length. There is a goatee present on the face. The body hair is of normal male distribution. The pupil of the left eye is round, regular, equal and dilated. The scleral and conjunctival surfaces of the left eye are unremarkable. The right eye cannot be accessed due to an acute traumatic injury (gunshot wound). The iris of the left eye is brown. The teeth are in a fair state of repair. The gums are normal in appearance. The oral cavity is normal in appearance. There are no injuries of the tongue. The nose is symmetrical and bloody fluid is present within the air passages. The external ears are normal in appearance and without injury. The neck is symmetrical and without masses or unusual mobility. The male breasts are normal in appearance. The abdomen is slightly protuberant with the presence of stretch marks. Prior to the acute injury of the chest, the chest and back were symmetrical with normal conformation. Prior to the acute injuries of the right arm, the upper and lower extremities were symmetrical throughout. The hands are covered with brown paper bags. There is a scar present near the left chest that measures 0.2 cm in greatest dimension. There is a scar present near the right upper abdomen that measures 0.5 cm in greatest dimension. There is a scar present near the

BROWN, MICHAEL 2014-5143

Exam Case

Frow John Sthe right in that measures P.D. of the greatest dimension. There is a scar present near the right thigh that measures 0.3 cm in greatest dimension. There is a scar present near the right knee that measures 1.0 cm in greatest dimension. There are scattered scars present near the left knee that range in size from 0.5-1.0 cm in greatest dimension. There are two scars present near the lower left leg that range in size from 0.2-4.0 cm in greatest dimension. There are tattoos present on the body: right shoulder ("Kelle") right forearm ("Big Mike") and left forearm ("Dre"). The acute gunshot injuries of the right arm, chest and head are described below. The injuries of the external body surfaces are described below.

Injuries: There is a gunshot entrance wound of the vertex of the scalp. There is a gunshot entrance wound of the central forehead. There is a gunshot exit wound of the right jaw. There is a gunshot entrance wound of the upper right chest. There is a gunshot entrance wound of the lateral right chest. There is a gunshot entrance wound of the upper ventral right arm. There is a gunshot exit wound of the upper dorsal right arm. There is a gunshot entrance wound of the dorsal right forearm. There is a gunshot exit wound of the medial ventral right forearm. There is a tangential (graze) gunshot wound of the right bicep. There is a tangential (graze) gunshot wound near the ventral surface of the right thumb. There is a gunshot related defect present near the right eyebrow that measures 4.0 x 2.0 cm. There is a gunshot related defect present near the right eyelid that measures 3.0 x 1.0 cm. There is an abrasion present near the right forehead that measures 7.0 cm in greatest dimension. There is a dried abrasion present near the lateral right face that measures 3.5 cm in greatest dimension. There is an abrasion present near the upper right cheek that measures 3.0 cm in greatest dimension. There are scattered abrasions present near the lateral right surface of the lower lip that range in size from 0.1-0.2 cm in greatest dimension. There is an abrasion present near the upper right chest that measures 2.5 cm in greatest dimension. There is an area of abrasions present near the right hip that measures 1.0 x 0.2 cm. There is a dried abrasion present near the left thumb that measures 0.2 cm in greatest dimension. There is an abrasion present near the dorsal surface of the left wrist that measures 2.0 x 1.5 cm. There is a focal area of discoloration present near the dorsal surface of the 5th left finger that measures 0.2 cm in greatest dimension. There is a linear abrasion present near the ventral surface of the left forearm that measures 3.5 cm in greatest dimension. There are scattered post mortem abrasions present on the hands,

#### Detailed Description of Specified Injuries:

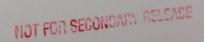
- # 1. There is a gunshot entrance wound of the vertex of the scalp. This wound is located 20.0 cm above the level of the right external auditory meatus and near midline of the vertex of the head. The hole measures 10 mm x 8 mm. It is round with level edges. The edges focally show an abrasion ring measuring up to 1 mm in greatest dimension and is most prominent near the superior edge of the wound. No powder stipple is identified. No soot is identified. The wound track shows deeper hemorrhage. A bullet, seen on x-rays, is found within the soft tissue of the right face and is recovered and submitted as evidence. There is internal beveling of the defect in the parietal bone of the skull. Evaluation of this wound indicates that it is an entrance wound. The path of this shot is downward and rightward. The track of this bullet has been traced to pass via the scalp, soft tissue, parietal bone of the skull, right parietal lobe of the brain, right temporal lobe of the brain, right temporal bone of the skull to rest within the soft tissue of the lateral right face. Passage of the bullet through the head created fractures of the calvarial and basilar bones of the skull. Pneumocephalus is present (confirmed on post-mortem x-ray examination). Subdural and subarachnoid hemorrhage is present on the convexities of the brain. There are small, punctate contusions present within the white matter of the brain near the path of the gunshot injury. The gunshot injury path, through the brain, is approximately 12 cm in length.
- # 2. There is a gunshot entrance wound of the central forehead. This wound is located 7.0 cm above the level of the right external auditory meatus and 2.0 cm right of the anterior midline of the head. The hole measures 15 mm x 10 mm. It is oval with slightly inverted edges. The edges show an abrasion ring



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©2014 St. Louis Post-Dispatch measuring up to 3 mm in greatest dimension and is most prominent near the superior edge of the wound. No powder stipple is identified. No soot is identified. The wound track shows deeper hemorrhage. X-rays show small bullet fragments associated with this wound however due to their small size they are not recovered as evidence. This wound pairs with the wound of the right jaw described immediately below which is an exit wound. The path of the shot is downward, slightly backward and rightward. The track of this bullet has been traced to pass via the skin, soft tissue, right eye, inferior right orbital bone, soft tissue of the face to exit the skin of the right jaw. Passage of the bullet through the head/face created fractures of the facial bones. There are irregular, gunshot related defects associated with the passage of the bullet through the head/face that are present near the right eyelid and right eyebrow. The dimensions of these gunshot related defects have already been described above.

- #3. There is a gunshot exit wound of the right jaw. This wound is located 5.5 cm below the level of the right external auditory meatus 11.0 cm right of the anterior midline of the head. The hole measures 15 mm x 9 mm. It is irregular with clean edges. Evaluation of this wound indicates that it is an exit wound. This wound pairs with the wound of the central forehead described immediately above which is an entrance wound.
- # 4. There is a gunshot entrance wound of the upper right chest. This wound is located 16.0 cm below the level of the right external auditory meatus and 9.0 cm right of the anterior midline of the chest. The hole measures 15 mm x 10 mm. It is oval with level edges. Edges show an abrasion ring measuring up to 2 mm in greatest dimension and is most prominent near the superior/inferior borders of the wound. No powder stipple is identified. No soot is identified. The wound track shows deeper hemorrhage. A bullet, seen on xrays, is found within the soft tissue of the right chest and is recovered and submitted as evidence. Evaluation of this wound indicates that it is an entrance wound. The path of this shot is slightly downward and backward. The track of this bullet has been traced to pass via the skin, soft tissue, right clavicle, upper lobe of the right lung, to rest near the soft tissue of the posterior 3rd right intercostal space. The passage of the bullet through the upper lobe of the right lung created a 2 cm defect.
- #5. There is a gunshot entrance wound of the lateral right chest. This wound is located 20.0 cm below the level of the right external auditory meatus and 22.0 cm right of the anterior midline of the chest. The hole measures 12 mm x 12 mm. It is round. The edges show an abrasion ring measuring up to 1 mm in greatest dimension and is most prominent near the lateral edges of the wound. No powder stipple is identified. No soot is identified. The wound track shows deeper hemorrhage. A bullet, seen on x-rays, is found within the soft tissue of the lateral right back and is recovered and submitted as evidence. Evaluation of this wound indicates that it is an entrance wound. The path of this shot is downward and backward. The track of this bullet has been traced to have passed via the skin, soft tissue, and 8th right rib to rest within the soft tissue of the lateral right back. The passage of the bullet near/through the 8th right rib created a fracture of the same and subsequently created a boney defect that punctured the lower lobe of the right lung. The puncture wound within the lower lobe of the right lung measures 0.5 cm in greatest dimension.
- # 6. There is gunshot entrance wound of the upper ventral right arm. This wound is located 20.0 cm below the level of the right shoulder and 1.0 cm right of the anterior midline of the upper right arm. The hole measures 10 mm x 10 mm. It is oval. The edges do not definitively show an abrasion ring. There is a focal area of contusion found around the wound edge that measures up to 1 mm in greatest dimension. No powder stipple is identified. No soot is identified. The wound track shows deeper hemorrhage. X-rays show no lead or bullet fragments associated with this wound. This wound pairs with the wound of the upper dorsal right arm described immediately below which is an exit wound. Evaluation of this wound indicates that it is an entrance wound. The path of this shot is slightly upward, backward and leftward. The track of this bullet has been traced to pass via the skin, soft tissue to exit the skin of the upper dorsal right arm.



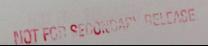
#### BROWN, MICHAEL

#7. There is gunshot exit wound of the upper dorsal right arm. This wound is located 19.0 cm below the level of the right shoulder and 7.0 cm left of the posterior midline of the right upper arm. The hole measures 18 mm x 10 mm. It is elongated with clean edges. Evaluation of this wound indicates that it is an exit wound. This wound pairs with the wound of the upper ventral right arm described immediately above which is an entrance wound.

- #8. There is a gunshot entrance wound of the dorsal right forearm. This wound is located 16.0 cm below the level of the right elbow and 2.0 cm right of the posterior midline of the right forearm. The hole measures 11 mm x 10 mm. It is oval with slightly inverted edges. The edges show an abrasion ring measuring up to 1 mm in greatest dimension and is most prominent near the lateral edge of the wound. No soot is identified. No powder stipple is identified. The wound track show deeper hemorrhage. X-rays show small bullet fragments associated with this wound however due to their small size they are not recovered and submitted as evidence. Evaluation of this wound indicates that it is an entrance wound. This wound pairs with the wound of the medial ventral right forearm described immediately below which is an exit wound. The path of this shot is slightly upward, forward and leftward. The track of this bullet has been traced to have passed via the skin, soft tissue, right ulna, soft tissue, to exit the ventral medial right forearm. Passage of the bullet through the right ulna created a fracture of the same.
- #9. There is a gunshot exit wound of the medial ventral right forearm. This wound is located 15.0 cm below the level of the right elbow and 5.0 cm to the left of the anterior midline of the right forearm. The hole measures 20 mm x 20 mm. It is irregular with clean edges. There is slight extrusion of soft tissue from the wound edge. Evaluation of this wound indicates that it is an exit wound. This wound pairs with the wound of the dorsal right forearm described immediately above which is an entrance wound.
- # 10. There is a tangential (graze) gunshot wound of the right bicep. This wound is located 6.0 cm above the level of the right elbow and 2.0 cm left of the anterior midline of the upper right arm. The wound measures 3.0 x 1.0 cm. It is oriented, approximately, in a 9 o'clock to 3 o'clock position. It is flat/shallow in depth and elongated in shape. The edges are dried and discolored. No powder stipple is identified. The exact directional path of the gunshot wound cannot be easily determined.
- # 11. There is a tangential (graze) gunshot wound near the ventral surface of the right thumb. This wound is located 5.0 cm below the level of the right wrist and 4.0 cm right of the ventral midline of the right hand. The wound measures 5.0 x 2.0 cm. It is oriented, approximately, in a 12 o'clock to 6 o'clock position. It is elongated with dried edges and associated with skin tags. The skin tags point towards the tip of the right thumb. The path of the track is upwards. No powder stipple is identified. There is a focal area of discoloration near the ventral surface of the base of the right thumb.

Body Cavities: The body is opened with the usual Y-shaped thoracoabdominal and bitemporal scalp incisions. The anterior thoracic musculature and subcutaneous region show hemorrhage to match the previously described gunshot wounds. The peritoneal cavity shows no abnormalities. The left pleural cavity is unremarkable. The right pleural cavity contains 400 ml of blood. The retroperitoneum is unremarkable. The pericardial cavity is not remarkable.

Neck Organs: The soft tissue of the neck is free of hemorrhage. The hyoid bone is intact and is cartilaginous. The glottis, laryngeal and tracheal airways are patent and contain patchy areas of hemorrhage. The larynx is normal and the larynx is well cartilaginous. The thyroid gland is pale in appearance. The parathyroids are not identified.



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#### BROWN, MICHAEL

C2014 St. Louis Post-Disputative thymic tissue present that is white tan and weighs 10 gm. The mediastinum is normal in appearance.

Heart: The heart weighs 400 gm. The left ventricular wall thickness measures 1.4 cm and the right ventricular wall thickness measures 0.3 cm. The surface of the heart is smooth, glistening and transparent. The wall is of normal consistency. There is a normal amount of subepicardial fat tissue present. The size and contours of the heart are normal. The endocardium, cardiac valves and chambers are not remarkable. The coronary arteries are thin-walled and of normal diameter throughout. The cut surface of the myocardium is a pale reddish brown color.

Vascular System: The aorta and arterial system are not remarkable. The systemic veins are normal in appearance.

Lungs: The acute injury of the right lung has already been described above. The lungs together weigh 600 gm. The lung surface is gray-brown and red. The lung tissue throughout is spongy and crepitant. The air passages are lined by smooth, pink mucosa and focally contain patchy areas of blood. The cut surfaces of the lungs show areas of intraparyenchymal hemorrhage present near the previously described areas of gunshot injury and rib fracture. The remaining areas of pulmonary parenchyma are unremarkable. The pulmonary artery and veins are free of emboli and thrombi.

Liver: The liver weighs 1250 gm. It is pale red-brown and of normal consistency. The cut surface of the liver is normal except for the pale color of the liver parenchyma.

Biliary Tract: The gallbladder and biliary tract are normal and free of stones.

Pancreas: The pancreas is normal in consistency and in appearance.

Gastrointestinal Tract: The entire gastrointestinal tract is examined and found normal. The stomach contains scant gastric contents. There are focal areas of hyperemia present on the mucosal surface of the stomach.

Spleen: The spleen weighs 150 gm and is normal on the surface and cut section.

Lymphatic System: The lymph nodes are normal in size and appearance.

Bone Marrow: The bone marrow is normal.

Adrenals: The adrenals are well supplied with lipoid material and are free of hemorrhage, inflammation, and primary and secondary neoplasm. The medullary portions are not remarkable.

Kidneys: The kidneys appear grossly of normal configuration and together weigh 300 gm. The cortex measures 0.7 cm in thickness. The renal capsules strip with ease to reveal a normally smooth surface. The surface is a pale reddish brown color. There is a small simple cyst within the medullary region of the left kidney that measures 1.0 cm in greatest dimension. The cysts contain brownish colored fluid. The remaining areas of the kidney parenchyma show no abnormalities. The papilla and ureters are not remarkable.

Bladder: The bladder contains 40 ml of yellow urine. The wall is entirely normal.



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#### BROWN, MICHAEL

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Male Genital System: There is foreskin present near the head of the penis. The remaining male
genitalia system is unremarkable.

Cranial Cavity: The acute gunshot injuries of the head have already been described above. The reflected scalp shows hemorrhage to match the previously described gunshot wounds. The gunshot related fractures of the calvarium and bones at the base of the skull have already been described above. The dura mater is normal in appearance except for the previously described gunshot. The weight of the unfixed brain is 1350 gm. The areas of subarachnoid hemorrhage and subdural hemorrhage present within the intracranial cavity have already been described above. Cut sections reveal that prior to the acute injury there were essentially normal structures throughout. The focal, punctate contusions present within the white matter have already been described above. The cerebrovasculature is free of atherosclerosis. The pituitary gland is grossly normal. The pineal gland is not identified.

Spinal Cord: The upper spinal cord as viewed from the cranial cavity is not remarkable.

Special Studies/Specimens Obtained: Urine, vitreous humor, chest blood, liver and brain are sent for toxicology. The previously described recovered bullets, blood stain card, fingernail clippings, fingernail scrapings, fingernail clippers, swabs of the hands, clothing and leafy green substance are submitted to the St. Louis County Police Department as evidence.

Comment: The histology examination will be issued as a supplemental report.

Gershom Norfleet, M.D.
Assistant Medical Examiner

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Summary Sheet:

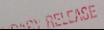
Age: 18 years

Race: Black

Sex: Male

#### Findings:

- I. Gunshot wounds of head
  - A. Entrance, vertex of scalp
    - 1. Track downward and rightward
    - Track via scalp, soft tissue, parietal bone of skull, right parietal lobe of brain, right temporal lobe of brain, right temporal bone of skull to rest within soft tissue of lateral right face (bullet recovered)
      - a. Skull fractures, calvarial and basilar bones
        - i. Subdural and subarachnoid hemorrhage
        - Pneumocephalus (post-mortem x-ray)
        - iii. White matter, contusions
  - B. Entrance, central forehead
    - 1. Track downward, slightly backward and rightward
    - Track via skin, soft tissue, right eye, inferior right orbital bone, soft tissue of face to exit skin of right jaw
      - a. Right eyebrow, right eyelid; gunshot related defects
- II. Gunshot wounds of chest
  - A. Entrance, upper right chest
    - 1. Track slightly downward and backward
    - Track via skin, soft tissue, right clavicle, upper lobe of right lung to rest near soft tissue of posterior 3<sup>rd</sup> right intercostal space (bullet recovered)
  - B. Entrance, lateral right chest
    - 1. Track downward and backward
    - Track via skin, soft tissue, 8<sup>th</sup> right rib to rest within soft tissue of lateral right back (bullet recovered)
      - a. Right lung, lower lobe, puncture wound (boney defect)
  - C. Right hemothorax, 400 ml
- III. Gunshot wounds of arms
  - A. Entrance, upper ventral right arm
    - 1. Track slightly upward, backward and leftward
    - 2. Track via skin, soft tissue to exit skin of upper dorsal right arm
  - B. Entrance, dorsal right forearm



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- 2. Track via skin, soft tissue, right ulna, soft tissue to exit medial ventral right forearm
- C. Tangential (graze) gunshot wound of right bicep
- D. Tangential (graze) gunshot wound near ventral surface of right thumb
- IV. Other Injuries

A. Face, left hand, right chest, left forearm, left forearm, left hip; abrasions

#### Cause of Death:

Immediate Cause: Gunshot wounds of head and chest

Due to (b): Due to (c):

Due to (d):

Other Significant Conditions:

Other Condition (2):

Manner of Death: Homicide

Gershom Norfleet, M.D. Assistant Medical Examiner

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#### Supplemental Microscopic Examination Report

Microscopic Slide Examination:

Skin and Muscle: Sections of the tissue from the right hand show multiple fragments of skin and a single fragment of skeletal muscle. There is darkly pigmented foreign particulate matter present on the superficial surface of the stratum corneum and also embedded within the stratum corneum of the skin fragments. A mixture of pigmented and non-pigmented foreign particulate matter is present focally within the dermis of some of the skin tissue fragments and within the skeletal muscle tissue fragment. Some of non –pigmented particulate matter is polarizable. The previously described particles of foreign particulate matter are consistent with products that are discharged from the barrel of a firearm.

Gershom Norfleet, M.D. Assistant Medical Examiner

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Office of the Medical Examiner

Office: 314-615-0800 Fax: 314-522-0955 TTY: 314-615-8428

BROWN, MICHAEL

2014-5143 Exam Case

#### Supplemental Microscopic Examination Report

Microscopic Slide Examination:

Tissue fragment: Sections of the tissue fragment from the "exterior surface of the police officer's motor vehicle" are consistent with a fragment of skin overlying soft (connective) tissue. There are features of desiccation/drying artifact present within the soft tissue. There is a granular layer present within the upper layer of stratified squamous epithelium. Focally, lightly pigmented keratinocytes are present within the basal layer of the stratified squamous epithelium.

Gershom Norfleet, M.D. Assistant Medical Examiner

#### IMG\_1836.JPG

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St. Louis University T 6059 N. Hanley Roa	Toxicology Laboratory Report ad, Berkeley, Missouri 63134			
Name: BROWN MICHAEL POST-Dispa	Tox # 2014-5156			
Requesting Agency: ST. LOUIS COUNT	TY MEDICAL EXAMINER			
(Agency's Case No.: 14-5143)				
Blood:				
Alcohol:	Negative			
Ethanol:	Negative Negative			
Acetone:	Wanabilina			
isopropanol:	Negative			
Blood Drug Screen:				
Amphetamines: Antidepressants:	Negative			
Antidepressants:	Negative Negative			
Barbiturates: Benzodiazepines:	Negative			
Benzodiazepines:	POSITIVE			
CANNABINOIDS:	Negative			
CANNABINOIDS: Cocaine/Metabolites:	Negative			
Methadone:	Negative Negative			
Non-Opiate Narcotic Analgesic:	Negative			
Phencyclidine:	Negative			
Opiates: Phencyclidine: Phenothiazines: Propoxyphene:	Negative			
Propoxyphene: Acetaminophen:	Negative Negative			
Acetaminophen:	Negative			
Salicylates: Oxycodone:	Negative			
VayCodone:	Negative			
Fentanyl: Oxymorphone:	Negative			
Cannabinoid Quantitation:				
DELTA-9-THC:	12 NANOGRAMS/ML			
11-HYDROXY-THC:	Negative			
11-NOR-DELTA-9-THC-COOH:	45 NANOGRAMS/ML			
Urine:				
Cannabinoid Quantitation:				
DELTA - 9-THC.	Negative			
11-HYDROXY-THC:	GREATER THAN 25 NANOGRAMS/ML GREATER THAN 150 NANOGRAMS/ML			
11-NOR-DELTA-9-THC-COOH:	GREATER THAN 150 NANOGRAMS/ML			
=======================================				
equested by: DR NORFLEET	Date: 08/10/14			
eceived in Lab:	Date/Time: 08/11/14//05:45 AM			
eport by: DR. CHRISTOPHER LONG	Date/Time: 08/15/2014//08:50 AM			
July 1				
	NOT FOR SECONDARY RELEASE			
U	CONDANY PETROL			
	MOT FOR SECURIOR			
	Morrow			

St. Louis University Toxicology Laboratory Report
6059 N. Hanley Road, Berkeley, Missouri 63134

C2014 St. Louis Post-Dispatch
Name: BROWN, MICHAEL
Age: 18 years Race: Black Sex: Male

Comments: Delta-9-THC detection in the blood defines impairment.

\_\_\_\_\_\_

equested by: DR NORFLEET

eceived in Lab:

eport by: DR. CHRISTOPTER LONG

Date: 08/10/14

Date/Time: 08/11/14//05:45 AM
Date/Time: 08/15/2014//08:50 AM