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2 57TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2025 3 INTRODUCED BY 4 5 6 DISCUSSION DRAFT 7 8 9 10 AN ACT 11 RELATING TO CRIME; CREATING THE CRIME OF CYBERBULLYING; 12 PROVIDING PENALTIES. 13 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO: 14 15 SECTION 1. A new section of Chapter 30, Article 6 NMSA 16 1978 is enacted to read: 17 "[NEW MATERIAL] CYBERBULLYING--PENALTIES.--18 Cyberbullying consists of a person communicating 19 directly or indirectly, in writing or electronically, with a 20 public school or private school student with reckless disregard that the communication may have the effect of: 21 (1) placing the student in reasonable fear of 22 physical harm; 23 causing a substantially detrimental effect (2) 24 on the student's physical or mental health; 25 .229486.2

SENATE BILL

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	(3)	substantia	11y	interfering	with	the
student's	academic	ре	rformance;	or			

- (4) substantially interfering with the student's ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities or privileges provided by a school.
- Whoever commits cyberbullying is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- Whoever commits cyberbullying when the cyberbullying results in physical harm or great psychological harm is guilty of a fourth degree felony.
- Whoever commits cyberbullying when the cyberbullying results in great physical harm is guilty of a third degree felony.
- Whoever commits cyberbullying when the cyberbullying results in death is guilty of a second degree felony.

As used in this section:

- "great physical harm" means physical harm of a type that causes physical loss of a bodily member or organ or functional loss of a bodily member or organ for a prolonged period of time;
- (2) "great psychological harm" means psychological harm that causes mental or emotional incapacitation for a prolonged period of time or that causes extreme behavioral change or severe physical symptoms that

require	psychological	or	psychiatric	care

- "physical harm" means an injury to the (3) body that causes substantial pain or incapacitation; and
- "student" means any resident of New Mexico (4) who is enrolled in a public or private school as defined in Subsection K or L of Section 22-1-2 NMSA 1978."

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