

Virginia Forecast—
Cloudy and colder pre-
ceded by rain in East por-
tion today; fair moderate-
ly cold tomorrow.
(See Report on Page 15)

Richmond Times-Dispatch

War News Censored—
Readers of The Times-Dis-
patch are cautioned that news
from most of Europe is subject
to censorship before it is trans-
mitted to the United States.

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ROOSEVELT WINS THIRD TERM

President Wins, 2 to 1, In Virginia

All Democrats Are Re-elected

By George Prince Arnold

Virginia's Democrats, untrifled over the third-term tradition, gave President Roosevelt another sweeping victory yesterday and at the same time returned Senator Byrd and the State's nine Democratic congressmen to Washington.

Unofficial returns from 1,647 of the State's 1,716 precincts gave the President 230,640 votes to 106,031 for Wendell Willkie, the Republican nominee.

The vote for the President was approximately 10,000 short of the majority he received in 1936 when he led Alf Landon by a count of more than 136,000. The 1936 majority was the greatest Democratic victory in the history of the Commonwealth.

3-1 in Richmond

Richmond, center of Democrats for Willkie activity, gave the President a three-to-one majority, piling up 19,311 votes for him to 6,031 for Willkie. This contrasts with the 1936 vote here of 18,784 for Roosevelt to 4,478 for Landon, or a four-to-one for the President at that time.

Henrico County, sections of which also were Democrats for Willkie strongholds, went for the President by a total count 3,993 to 2,005. Only two precincts in the county gave Willkie a majority. They were Westhampton, where the Republican led by 48 votes; and Stonewall, which gave him a majority of 120 votes.

Chesterfield County virtually buried Mr. Willkie without a trace, voting 3,344 for Roosevelt to 879 for his opponent.

Congressional Races Dull

The congressional races except those in the Sixth, Seventh and Ninth caused little excitement, but even in those three the Democratic candidates were easy winners.

In the Sixth Representative Clifton A. Woodrum led Fred W. McWane, Lynchburg Republican, 22,510 to 10,622 in returns from 167 out of 189 precincts.

Returns from 253 of 257 precincts in the Seventh showed Representative A. Willis Robertson leading his Republican rival, Jacob A. Garber of Harrisonburg, by a count of 26,507 to 14,201. And in the Ninth, Representative John W. Flannagan Jr., one of the stoutest New Dealers in the State, led State Senator Fred C. Parks of Abingdon, Republicans, 28,137 to 19,211 in returns from 76 out of 246 precincts.

In the Eighth District Representative Howard Smith had no trouble with his Republican opponent, Henry B. Goodloe. He had 19,946 votes to 4,610 in returns from 109 of 218 precincts.

Three of the nine congressmen, Representatives S. Otis Bland of the First District, Colgate W. Darden of the Second and Thomas G. Burch of the Fifth, were unopposed.

Satterfield Easy Winner

Representative Dave E. Satterfield of the Third and Patrick Henry Drennon of the Fourth swamped their opponents, Winston Dawson and Cyrus Hotchkiss respectively, both Socialists.

Senator Byrd, whose only opponents were Hilliard Bernstein, Socialist, and Mrs. Alice Burke, Communist, piled up huge majorities everywhere.

Four counties in the State, except those in the northwest and western part of Virginia which are recognized as Republican areas, gave Willkie a majority. Rockingham, strongly Republican normally in spite of the fact that it gave Roosevelt a majority four years ago, gave the Republican candidate this time a majority of 348.

President Roosevelt in his sweep to victory in the Old Dominion, was leading in every county except seven. These were Carroll, Grayson, Floyd, Page, Rockingham, Shenandoah and Scott—all Republican strongholds.

Minor party candidates for the presidency, with many counties failing to report their totals,

Continued on Page 6, Column 5



Henry Agard Wallace



Franklin Delano Roosevelt

Defeat Is Conceded By Senator McNary But Not by Willkie

ROOSEVELT, 433—WILLKIE, 98
WASHINGTON (WEDNESDAY). (AP)—Indiana's partially counted vote shifted from Roosevelt to Willkie at 3 A. M., Eastern Standard Time, today to raise the Willkie indicated electoral vote to 98, and reduce Roosevelt's to 433.

Returns from 2,185 of the state's 3,898 precincts showed: for Willkie, 576,872; for President Roosevelt, 576,754.

WASHINGTON (WEDNESDAY). (AP)—The popular vote for President, as compiled by the Associated Press at 1:50 A. M., from 65,711 of the country's 127,245 voting units, was:

Roosevelt 14,879,930; Willkie 11,980,499.

(By The Associated Press)

Important pro-Willkie newspapers, and Senator Charles L. McNary, the Republican vice-presidential nominee, conceded the election of President Roosevelt to a third term today—but Wendell L. Willkie, himself, doggedly refused to concede a thing.

Throughout a long evening, he watched the chief executive pile up leads in State after State to an electoral total well above 400. His own strength shrank, meanwhile, to 10 States and 84 electoral votes.

But, at 1:30 A. M., the Republican candidate retired, after telling his coworkers he never felt better. He announced that he would have no statement to make on the trend of the election until 9 A. M.

In a prepared statement issued at his Oregon home, McNary congratulated "Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Wallace" and wished them "grace and their administration prosperity."

"We are a united country," McNary said. "The two-party system is secure. We shall try to afford Mr. Roosevelt and his associates a worthy and vigilant opposition."

"Today's trend indicates a victory for our principles four years hence."

Neighbors Salute President

A crowd of neighbors who tramped to his Hyde Park porch in an old-fashioned torchlight procession, President Roosevelt remarked that on the basis of still incomplete returns it "looks all right."

Willkie told a shouting crowd of his followers at New York not to be "afraid or disheartened because I am not. The principles for which we fought prevail as surely as the principles of truth always prevail."

Despite his refusal to utter the word defeat, a number of newspapers supporting his candidacy had acknowledged long before that his opponent had become the first man in American history to win a third term.

There was high drama and many an exciting moment as the mounting returns bounced in over the telegraph wires. One of the closest races was in New York State, with its giant bloc of 47 electoral votes. As the night wore on, Mr. Roosevelt built up a lead exceeding a quarter million, with nearly 6,000,000 of the Empire State's ballots tabulated.

Pennsylvania, Illinois, California, Indiana, Massachusetts and Ohio were among the States that added their impressive electoral blocs to the Roosevelt column, at least tentatively. The Republican State chairman in Pennsylvania conceded that the Keystone State's 36 votes would definitely go to the President.

Willkie Leads in New Jersey

Willkie held the advantage in New Jersey, with its 16 votes, and Michigan, with 19, and in 7 other States of lesser weight in the electoral college. These included some Midwest farm States, plus Vermont and Maine, the only ones to vote for Alf M. Landon four years ago. In Maine, however, the Republican margin was the smallest since 1916.

Impressed with the vote rolling up for the President, such important pro-Willkie newspapers as the New York Times, the Detroit Free Press, the Kansas City Star and the Portland Oregonian conceded the President's election. Edward J. Flynn, the chairman of the Democratic National Committee, said that he "assumed" Mr. Roosevelt had been re-elected.

But Willkie, and Joseph W. Martin, chairman of the Republican National Committee, were making no such concessions. Willkie called it still a "horse race" shortly before entering a midnight conference with party advisers, while Martin said there still was a good chance of a Willkie victory, observing that the Democratic lead was narrow in some States.

Because of late closing hours in some States and the mammoth number of voters the country over, the returns in some cases were still a mere trickle. In California, for example, Roosevelt held a lead of approximately 20,000, but only a relatively small total of 667 precincts had reported.

Statistics from below the Mason-Dixon Line indicated that the Willkiecrats and other New Deal foes there were failing to chip a single State away from the "Solid South." In all 11 of these traditional Democratic States Roosevelt had a commanding lead.

Willkie Ahead in Iowa
Heavy Democratic margins in eight metropolitan areas kept slicing away at the early Willkie lead in that State.

In Iowa, home State of Henry A. Wallace, Democratic vice-presidential nominee, 33 out of 2,453 precincts gave Willkie a plurality of about 1,500.

Connecticut was in early with returns from her cities. These, while they gave the President pluralities, in most cases, smaller than those of 1936, nevertheless

"I am sure you are all celebrating a great victory. I am sure the people gathered here tonight are satisfied with the part they have taken in that victory."

"We all know that we have done a good job in bringing about the re-election of President Roosevelt. I know that he will continue to do a great job as President of the United States."

Flynn spoke at a celebration of campaign workers at the Hotel Biltmore which served as national and State party headquarters. He was to talk with the President by telephone later.

"President Roosevelt's victory is a great victory for all democracies," Flynn said. "It should be very heartening to democracies all over the world."

Continued on Page 4, Column 5

Churchill Says U-Boat Attacks Imperil British

Lack of Fuel Bases In Ireland Condemned

LONDON. (AP)—The people of Britain's island, dependent on their ships for their very existence, were told frankly yesterday by Prime Minister Winston Churchill that the increasing U-boat menace, if not stopped, will "touch the life of the state."

In a sober House of Commons war review, Churchill declared the loss of more and more ships to German submarines was not a bit less formidable than the upending siege by air and warned "we must expect that next year a still heavier U-boat attack will be made upon us."

But he promised: "We are making immense preparations of all kinds to meet them," and he counseled Britain to look forward to offensive campaigns "in 1943 and 1944."

He spoke bitterly, nevertheless, of the fact that Britain's warships and planes cannot refuel at the ports of neutral Ireland, and said this "is a most heavy and grievous burden."

To Bomb Italy

In other categories, the prime minister said:

(1) Pledged "we shall do our best" to help Italian-invaded Greece from naval and air bases established on the Island of Crete and promised "ever-growing" British bombings of Southern Italy, but he refused to "raise false hopes" or tip off the Axis on specific measures of aid.

(2) Declared the Vichy government of France had "unhappily" decided to collaborate with Hitler and "we are therefore left alone" in aiding the Greeks, although France likewise was pledged to help them.

(3) Disclosed civilian air raid dead in England totaled 14,000; 1 wounded 20,000; insisted the bombers had done little damage to aircraft or arms factories; as-

Continued on Page 11, Column 2

Neighbors Pay 'Victory' Visit To Roosevelt

'It Looks All Right,' President Tells Them

HYDE PARK, N. Y. (AP)—With "full returns" still lacking, President Roosevelt told a jam-packed crowd of his Hyde Park neighbors early today that "it looks all right" and that he thought in the future they would find him "just the same Franklin Roosevelt you've known a great many years."

The chief executive spoke from the portico of his country home to hundreds of persons who had staged a torchlight parade from Hyde Park village. Elmer Van Wagner, Hyde Park supervisor, said it was a "victory" parade.

"We, of course, face difficult days in this country," Mr. Roosevelt asserted. "But I think you will find me in the future just the same Franklin Roosevelt you have known a great many years."

In a jocular mood, grinning and waving at the crowd, the President remarked that "we haven't got the full returns yet—there's nothing in from California and Oregon."

"It looks all right," he added.

"It is one of the things that makes me very happy." A great victory has been won in his own Congressional district, Mr. Roosevelt asserted, because even though the present congressman may have been re-elected by a very small margin, his opponent, Hardy Steeholm, nevertheless had won a victory too.

"Safe on Third"

He referred to a comparatively close race between Steeholm and the present Republican incumbent, Hamilton Fish, ranking minority member of the House rules and foreign affairs committees.

With a drum and bugle corps, every light, and noisemakers of every description, Hyde Park villagers began streaming across the lawn of the Roosevelt estate at midnight.

Mr. Roosevelt was waiting for them with members of his family and guests who had been invited to keep tab on election returns.

Popular and Electoral Vote

Returns Up to 1:45 A. M.

State.	Voting Units.	Rep't'g.	Popular Vote	Willkie.	Rvt. Willk.	Indicated Electoral
Alabama	2,230	1,107	140,984	21,224	11	
Arizona	430	109	26,966	13,098	3	
Arkansas	2,169	642	37,258	8,586	9	
California	13,692	7,024	723,186	514,767	22	
Colorado	1,610	184	19,363	26,381	6	
Connecticut	169	166	412,648	358,159	8	
Delaware	249	145	33,305	24,817	3	
Florida	1,428	895	246,183	97,560	7	
Georgia	1,720	1,410	196,687	29,046	12	
Idaho	792	123	13,469	11,996	4	
Illinois	8,378	3,969	1,009,930	857,751	29	
Indiana	3,898	1,697	470,882	464,651	14	
Iowa	2,453	781	175,002	176,289	11	
Kansas	2,734	679	72,256	113,282	9	
Kentucky	4,343	1,797	240,109	153,304	11	
Louisiana	1,712	481	137,518	22,987	10	
Maine	629	623	154,732	163,782	5	
Maryland	1,331	817	263,431	167,026	8	
Massachusetts	1,810	916	504,137	431,691	17	
Michigan	3,632	749	166,103	221,351	19	
Minnesota	3,696	789	224,085	186,780	11	
Mississippi	1,668	635	87,190	4,179	9	
Missouri	4,479	1,812	281,130	255,281	15	
Montana	1,195	191	34,765	22,937	4	
Nebraska	2,043	620	60,643	92,084	7	
Nevada	260	140	8,287	6,608	3	
New Hampshire	294	220	73,334	66,531	4	
New Jersey	3,631	1,264	321,957	406,886	16	
New Mexico	919	255	37,918	24,488	3	
New York	9,319	8,835	3,082,073	2,817,025	47	
North Carolina	1,916	1,686	560,558	175,507	13	
North Dakota	2,261	318	26,346	28,823	4	
Ohio	8,675	7,602	1,465,113	1,369,751	26	
Oklahoma	3,613	1,656	185,136	123,997	11	
Oregon	1,693	487	46,419	45,618	5	
Pennsylvania	8,118	6,324	1,713,957	1,481,845	36	
Rhode Island	259	193	127,356	108,695	4	
South Carolina	1,277	953	81,867	4,144	8	
South Dakota	1,963	755	45,943	64,145	4	
Tennessee	2,300	1,735	204,217	101,816	11	
Texas	254	182	290,616	62,418	23	
Utah	831	64	11,498	7,491	4	
Vermont	246	246	64,244	78,355	3	
Virginia	1,716	1,647	230,640	106,031	11	
Washington	3,018	468	72,810	48,105	8	
West Virginia	2,389	693	140,373	101,851	8	
Wisconsin	3,038	1,369	344,203	299,055	12	
Wyoming	697	258	13,133	12,305	3	
Totals	127,245	65,711	14,879,930	11,980,499	447	84

Democrats Take Lead In Senate

Five Incumbents Trail Opponents

SENATE TABULATION

Associated Press returns on the 36 seats in the United States Senate, compiled to 2:15 A. M., Eastern Time, showed:

Democrats elected, 7; holdovers, 44; total, 51.

Republicans elected, 3; holdovers, 15; total, 18.

Progressives elected, 0; holdovers, 0; total, 0.

Independents elected, 0; holdovers, 1; total, 1.

(Necessary for a majority, 49).

HOUSE TABULATION

Associated Press returns on the 435 seats in the House of Representatives, compiled to 2:15 A. M., Eastern Time, showed:

Democrats elected, 155. (Present Congress, 258; vacancies, 3.)

Republicans elected, 37. (Present Congress, 167; vacancies, 3.)

Progressives elected, 0. (Present Congress, 2.)

Farmer-Laborites elected, 0. (Present Congress, 1.)

American-Laborites elected, 1. (Present Congress, 1.)

Independent elected, 1. (Present Congress, 1.)

Contests in doubt, 241.

(Necessary for a majority, 218.)

WASHINGTON (WEDNESDAY).

Five incumbent senators—three Democrats, a Progressive and a Republican—trailed their opponents early today in balloting to fill 35 seats in the Senate and 432 in the House.

In the race for control of the House, a tabulation at 12:45 A. M. (E. S. T.) showed the Democrats, who now hold 258 seats, to have won 139 places to 18 for the Republicans, who now have 167. Vito Marcantonio, American Laborite, was returned to his seat from New York. Still undecided were 277 seats.

Many of the Democratic victories were in the solid South, but there were a scattering in Pennsylvania, Indiana, California, Oklahoma, New York and Maryland.

Among the Senate contestants, Chairman Walsh (D., Mass.) of the Senate Naval Committee, who had been critical of President Roosevelt's transfer of 50 destroyers to Great Britain, was more than 7,000 behind his Republican opponent, Henry Parkman Jr., in early returns. By contrast, Mr. Roosevelt had established a lead of more than 60,000 in the Bay State.

Senator Gerry (D., R. I.) was trailing in Rhode Island, where Mr. Roosevelt led; fragmentary returns put Senator O'Mahoney in the lead in Montana.

In Buenos Aires, although British embassy officials have declined comment, it is known from a list of "overdue" ships that a powerful

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Nazi Pocket Battleship Shells British Convoy in Mid-Atlantic

NEW YORK. (AP)—A running fight in mid-Atlantic between a German raider of the Graf Spee class and a British convoy was told in three terse radio distress messages yesterday, but silence shrouded the fate of the vessels attacked.

Three hours and 10 minutes after the 16,698-ton passenger liner Rangitiki wireless that she was being shelled by a German raider, Mackay Radio intercepted a warning message from the Portis Head station in England.

"The convoy still was being 'loisurately attacked' by a raider of the Graf Spee class, it said."

Sandwiched in between was another message, from the freighter Cornish City.

The Cornish City gave no hint of the character or tonnage of the vessel attacking her. Her position, however, was almost exactly that of the Rangitiki. It was assumed both vessels were part of the convoy referred to in the Portis Head message.

The messages, shipping circles

said, were the first of the war in indicating an attack on a British convoy by a German raider.

At an east coast Canadian port it was learned last night that the Rangitiki and Cornish City left there recently. The passenger liner was believed to have been carrying civilians. The destinations of the two ships were not revealed.

"Being gunned by enemy ship of the Graf Spee class," the Rangitiki wireless.

That was at 12:24 P. M. (E. S. T.).

An hour and 39 minutes later, the steamer Cornish City sent a message that it was being shelled in almost the same vicinity, approximately 1,000 miles east of Newfoundland. The messages were picked up by Mackay Radio.

Germany is known to have only two battleships of the Graf Spee class left, the Admiral Scheer and the Luetzow. The latter formerly was the Deutschland. The Graf Spee itself met an ignominious end

by scuttling outside Montevideo harbor last December after it was driven to cover by three British cruisers.

In London, naval sources were silent. Whether they had any information on the Rangitiki and the 4,952-ton freighter was not disclosed.

In Buenos Aires, although British embassy officials have declined comment, it is known from a list of "overdue" ships that a powerful

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