IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS TYLER DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	§	
	§	
	§ CASE NUMBER 6:21-MJ-00029-K	NM
V.	§	
	§	
	§	
RYAN TAYLOR NICHOLS,	§	
	§	

DETENTION ORDER PENDING TRIAL

Part I - Eligibility for Detention

Upon the

- ☑ Motion of the Government attorney pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1), or
- ☑ Motion of the Government or Court's own motion pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(2),

the court held a detention hearing and found that detention is warranted. This order sets forth the court's findings of fact and conclusions of law, as required by 18 U.S.C. § 3142(i), in addition to any other findings made at the hearing.

Part II - Findings of Fact and Law as to Presumptions under § 3142(e)		
☐ A. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(2) (previous violator): There is a rebuttable		
presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the safety of any other person and the community because the following conditions have been met:		
\Box (1) the defendant is charged with one of the following crimes described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1):		
☐ (a) a crime of violence, a violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1591, or an offense listed in 18 U.S.C.		
§ 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or		
\Box (b) an offense for which the maximum sentence is life imprisonment or death; or		
\Box (c) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the		
Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508); or		
\Box (d) any felony if such person has been convicted of two or more offenses described in subparagraphs		
(a) through (c) of this paragraph, or two or more State or local offenses that would have been offenses		
described in subparagraphs (a) through (c) of this paragraph if a circumstance giving rise to Federal jurisdiction had existed, or a combination of such offenses; or		
\square (e) any felony that is not otherwise a crime of violence but involves:		
(i) a minor victim; (ii) the possession of a firearm or destructive device (as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921); (iii) any other dangerous weapon; or (iv) a failure to register under 18 U.S.C. § 2250; and		
☐ (2) the defendant has previously been convicted of a Federal offense that is described in 18 U.S.C.		
§ 3142(f)(1), or of a State or local offense that would have been such an offense if a circumstance giving rise to Federal jurisdiction had existed; <i>and</i>		
\Box (3) the offense described in paragraph (2) above for which the defendant has been convicted was		
committed while the defendant was on release pending trial for a Federal, State, or local offense; and		
\Box (4) a period of not more than five years has elapsed since the date of conviction, or the release of the		
defendant from imprisonment, for the offense described in paragraph (2) above, whichever is later.		

rebuttable presumption that no	rises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (narcotics, firearm, other offenses): There is a condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the affety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the defendant obllowing offenses:
Controlled Substances A	a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508);
\square (2) an offense under 18 U	J.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b;
\square (3) an offense listed in 18 or more is prescribed;	8 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years
	pter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maximum term of s or more is prescribed; or
	a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245, 1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(4) or 2425.
☐ C. Conclusions Regarding Ap	plicability of Any Presumption Established Above
ordered on that basis. (Pa	troduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above, and detention is art III need not be completed.)
OR	
•	nted evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering the er factors discussed below, detention is warranted.
Part III -	Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention
	forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention hearing t must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven:
the Court concludes that the defendan	t must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven: ce that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure
the Court concludes that the defendan ⊠ By clear and convincing evidence the safety of any other person are	t must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven: ce that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure and the community. that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure
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□ Lack of legal status in the United States □ Subject to removal or deportation after serving any period of incarceration □ Prior failure to appear in court as ordered □ Prior attempt(s) to evade law enforcement □ Use of alias(es) or false documents □ Background information unknown or unverified □ Prior violations of probation, parole, or supervised release OTHER REASONS OR FURTHER EXPLANATION:
The government has shown by clear and convincing evidence that there are no conditions that would reasonably assure the safety of the community and has shown by a preponderance of the evidence that there is a serious risk that the defendant will flee or not appear in court when required. The nature of the alleged offense and the weight of the evidence presented at the hearing favor detention. I am particularly concerned about the evidence and testimony presented painting a picture not of a peaceful protest that got out of hand, but of a planned predetermined attempt to attack the Capitol building. The text messages lay out a plan to take weapons and to
acquire body armor along the way. The government presented evidence showing threats and antagonizing language towards the crowd. The evidence shows that the defendant's intent was not to participate in a peaceful act. I am also concerned about evidence presented concerning other hostile acts by the defendant in the past, as well as substance abuse.
Part IV - Directions Regarding Detention The defendant is remanded to the custody of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative
for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences of being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable apportunity for private consultation

The defendant is remanded to the custody of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility must deliver the defendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

January 22, 2021

Date:

Honorable K. Nicole Mitchell United States Magistrate Judge