1		(FILED Gary L. Harrison CLERK, SUPERIOR COURT 3/27/2025 4:55:58 PM
2	LAW OFFICES OF LAWRENCE Y. GEE, PLLC		BY: ALAN WALKER /s/
3	310 S. Williams Blvd., Suite 185	(DEPUTY Case No. C20252182 HON. JAMES E MARNER
	Tucson, Arizona 85711		TOTAL PRINCES E IVII MENER
4	(520) 790-9663 lyg@lawintucson.com		
5	Lawrence Y. Gee		
6	AZ Bar #: 014437 P.C.C. #: 65033		
7	Attorney for Plaintiff		
8	IN THE PIMA COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT		
9	STATE OF ARIZONA		
10			
11	NICHOLAS WILLIAM SKITZKI, an individual,	Case No.:	
12	marviduai,		
13	Plaintiff,	COMPLAINT	
	VS.	(Tort-Motor Vehic	ala)
14	THE CITY OF TUCSON; THE TUCSON	•	Jie)
15	POLICE DEPARTMENT; JOHN DOES I-	Tier 2	
16	X; JANE DOES I-X; ABC CORPORATIONS I-X; XYZ	Assigned to:	
17	PARTNERSHIPS I-X,		
18	Defendants.		
19			
20	COMES NOW Plaintiff, NICHOLAS WILLIAM SKITZKI, by and through his		
21	undersigned attorney, and for his complaint against Defendants, hereby alleges as		
22	follows:		
23	<u>PARTIES</u>		
24	Plaintiff NICHOLAS WILLIAM	SKITZKI is a resid	lent of Tucson Pima
25	1. Trainent Metroe/18 WIEE//MV		ient of Tueson, I mia
26	County, Arizona, at the time of the offense complained of.		
27	2. All events complained of herein o	ccurred in Tucson,	Pima County,
28	Arizona.		

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- 3. Defendant THE CITY OF TUCSON is an Arizona municipality, doing business in Pima County, State of Arizona. Plaintiff further alleges that Defendant City of Tucson has duly authorized officers, agents, and/or servants and/or employees within Pima County, Arizona, and that said officers, agents and/or servants and/or employees were acting within the course and scope of their authority and for the benefit of this Defendant at the time of all incidents, acts and omissions alleged herein, such that Defendant is vicariously liable, and such that legal liability is imputed to this Defendant under the doctrine of *respondeat superior* and agency principles, for the acts and/or omissions of said officers, agents, and/or servants and/or employees.
- 4. Defendant TUCSON POLICE DEPARTMENT (hereinafter "TPD") is a governmental entity, incorporated, authorized and licensed to do business in Pima County, State of Arizona. Plaintiff further alleges that Defendant TPD has duly authorized officers, agents and/or servants and/or employees within Pima County, Arizona, and that said agents and/or servants and/or employees were acting within the course and scope of their authority and for the benefit of this Defendant at the time of all incidents, acts and omissions alleged herein, such that Defendant is vicariously liable, and such that legal liability is imputed to this Defendant under the doctrine of respondeat superior and agency principles, for the acts and/or omissions of said officers, agents, and/or servants and/or employees.
- 5. John Does I-X and Jane Does I-X are individuals or are married couples who were owners, managers, agents or employees of the owners of ABC Corporations I-X or XYZ Partnerships, or one or all of the Defendants, and whose identities are

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presently unknown to the Plaintiffs, and who individually or for the benefit of their marital communities committed some or all of the acts complained of herein.

6. Defendants ABC Corporations I-X and XYZ Partnerships I-X are Arizona, foreign, general or limited partnerships who were owners, managers, agents, employers, or employees of one or all of the Defendants, whose identities are presently unknown to Plaintiffs, and who committed some or all of the acts complained of herein.

JURISDICTION & VENUE

- 7. This Court has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to A.R.S. § 12-123.
- 8. Venue is proper in Pima County, pursuant to A.R.S. § 12-401.

FACTUAL AND LEGAL BACKGROUND

- 9. On or about March 31, 2024, Plaintiff NICHOLAS WILLIAM SKITZKI was traveling southbound in a white Hyundai on Campbell Avenue and near Sixth Street in Tucson, Pima County, Arizona. As Plaintiff approached the intersection to make a left-hand turn, Tucson Police Officer and Non-Party Adam Buckner entered the intersection at a high rate of speed (67 MPH). He was in a TPD issued vehicle and had activated his siren for a non-emergency call.
- 10. Officer Buckner's vehicle struck Plaintiff's vehicle and as a result of the collision, Plaintiff sustained physical injuries and damages. Officer Buckner passed shortly after the collision.

COUNT I-NEGLIGENCE

11. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in each of the preceding paragraphs of this complaint.

- 12. On March 31, 2024, TPD officer failed to avoid a collision by traveling too fast for the conditions (67 MPH). Officer Buckner, who was within the course and scope of his employment, should have been aware that Plaintiff was within the intersection and intending to make a left turn. Officer Buckner should have yielded the right-of-way to a vehicle approaching from the opposite direction and that is within the intersection or so close to the intersection as to constitute an immediate hazard.
- 13. Officer Buckner owed a duty of care to Plaintiff NICOLAS WILLIAM SKITZKI to operate the vehicle in a reasonable and prudent manner.
- 14. Officer Buckner operated his vehicle in an unlawful, reckless, and negligent manner, causing it to strike Plaintiff NICOLAS WILLIAM SKITZKI's vehicle.
- 15. Officer Buckner breached the duty of care to Plaintiff NICOLAS WILLIAM SKITZKI, causing the collision and causing bodily injury to Plaintiff by failing to exercise due care in the operation of the vehicle.
- 16. As a result of the collision caused by Officer Buckner's negligence, Plaintiff NICOLAS WILLIAM SKITZKI suffered pain and suffering, inconvenience, curtailment of his usual activities, loss of enjoyment of life, great pain of body and mind, inconvenience, and pain and suffering in the future.
- 17. As a result of the collision caused by Officer Buckner's negligence,
 Plaintiff NICOLAS WILLIAM SKITZKI incurred expenses for medical treatment and
 will continue to incur such expenses in the future.
 - 18. As a result of Officer Buckner's breach of duty of care, Plaintiff

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NICOLAS WILLIAM SKITZKI sustained vehicle damage and loss of use of his vehicle, loss of personal items, as well as other costs such as storage and towing.

COUNT II-NEGLIGENCE PER SE

- 19. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in each of the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint.
- 20. Officer Buckner and Defendants and each of them, owed a duty of care to Plaintiff NICOLAS WILLIAM SKITZKI, along with other motorists on the roadway, to operate his vehicle in a reasonable and safe manner, in accordance with a respecting of Arizona's traffic laws and to not create a hazard for motorists on the roadway.
- 21. Officer Bruckner's and Defendants' breach of that duty constitutes a violation of A.R.S. § 28-701. Hence, Officer Buckner's Defendants' acts and/or omissions referred to in this Complaint violate Arizona statutes, City Code, and/or Arizona County Ordinances enacted for public safety, and may be negligent per se.
- 22. The violation was the direct and proximate cause of Plaintiff's injuries and damages.
- 23. Officer Buckner's and Defendants' failure to use reasonable care resulting in damage or injury to another.

COUNT III – RESPONDEAT SUPERIOR

- 24. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in each of the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint.
- 25. In this case, the superiors (The City of Tucson and the Tucson PoliceDepartment) are responsible for any acts of omission by a person of less responsibility

to it. Defendants the City of Tucson and the Tucson Police Department are responsible for the acts of their employees, where the proper steps were not taken by the employees to avoid injury to another motorist.

- 26. At all times material, Defendants the City of Tucson and The Tucson Police Department employed Adam Buckner. Officer Buckner was under the direct supervision, employment, and control of the City of Tucson and the Tucson Police Department when he committed the wrongful and negligent acts described herein.
- 27. Officer Buckner and Defendants, and each of them, injured Plaintiff NICOLAS WILLIAM SKITZKI while acting in the course and scope of their employment.
- 28. Defendants the City of Tucson and The Tucson Police Department granted Officer Buckner the authority to perform as an agent within the agencies. The agencies held Officer Buckner out to the community as a fit and competent agent of the agencies. Officer Buckner committed the acts alleged within the apparent authority arising from his agencies. Said conduct was undertaken in the course and scope of Officer Buckner's employment with the City of Tucson and The Tucson Police Department.
- 29. Officer Buckner was acting at least in part to serve the interests of his employers when he committed the negligent acts that led to the Plaintiff's injuries. Specifically, Officer Buckner was acting as an agent of the agencies when he caused the collision.
 - 30. Defendants the City of Tucson and The Tucson Police Department and

the other listed under the law of vicarious liability, pursuant to the doctrine of respondeat superior.

31. As a direct result of the conduct described herein, Plaintiff has suffered the injuries and damages described herein.

COUNT IV- AGENCY/VICARIOUS LIABILITY

- 32. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in each of the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint.
- 33. Officer Buckner was an agent or employee of Defendants the City of Tucson and The Tucson Police Department. Hence, Defendants the City of Tucson and the Tucson City Police Department are liable for the actions of Officer Buckner to the extent that his actions or inactions resulted in liability. Officer Buckner was an agent or employee of Defendant the City of Tucson and The Tucson Police Department, and therefore Defendant the City of Tucson and The Tucson Police Department are vicariously liable for the negligence of Officer Buckner.

COUNT V-GROSS NEGLIGENCE

- 34. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in each of the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint.
- 35. Officer Buckner's conduct of operating a vehicle in an extremely violent and dangerous manner showing a conscious disregard for the health, welfare and safety od others by driving at a rate nearly twice the rate of the posted speed limit was a direct and proximate cause of the subject collision that resulted in injuries to Plaintiff.
 - 36. Officer Buckner and Defendants' conduct constitutes extreme and

1	outrageous conduct that displays a conscious disregard for the safety of others, such			
2				
3	that a jury may award exemplary and/or punitive damages against Officer Buckner and			
4	each Defendant.			
5		PRAYER FOR RELIEF		
6	WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests that this Honorable Court take action to this matter as follows:			
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8	action to this	matter as follows.		
9	1)	Order Judgment in favor of Plaintiff and against Defendants;		
10	2)	Award Plaintiff Compensatory Damages for physical injury incurred, loss		
11	of wages (past, present and future), pain and suffering, and medical expenses;			
12	3)	Award all costs incurred by Plaintiff in the pursuit of this action; and		
13	ŕ			
14	4)	Grant such other and further relief as this Honorable Court may deem		
15	appropriate.			
16 17	DATED this 27 th day of March, 2025.			
18	LAW OFFICES OF LAWRENCE Y. GEE, PLLC			
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20	By:/s/Lawrence Y. Gee Lawrence Y. Gee			
21		Attorney for Plaintiff		
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