FOR RELEASE

#### OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF STATE

STATE OF IOWA

Rob Sand Auditor of State

State Capitol Building Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0006

Telephone (515) 281-5834

**NEWS RELEASE** 

Contact: Brian Brustkern October 2, 2025

515/281-5834

Auditor of State Rob Sand today released an audit report on the City of Clarinda, Iowa.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS:

The City's receipts totaled \$10,905,442 for the year ended June 30, 2024, a 1.4% increase. Disbursements for the year ended June 30, 2024 totaled \$9,784,287, a 14.4% decrease from the The decrease in disbursements for fiscal year 2024 is primarily due to fewer construction expenses due to the completion of the wastewater treatment plant project.

#### **AUDIT FINDINGS:**

Sand reported six findings related to the receipt and disbursement of taxpayer funds. The findings are found on pages 52 through 57 of this report. The findings address a lack of segregation of duties and revenue bonds not being in compliance. Sand provided the City with recommendations to address these findings.

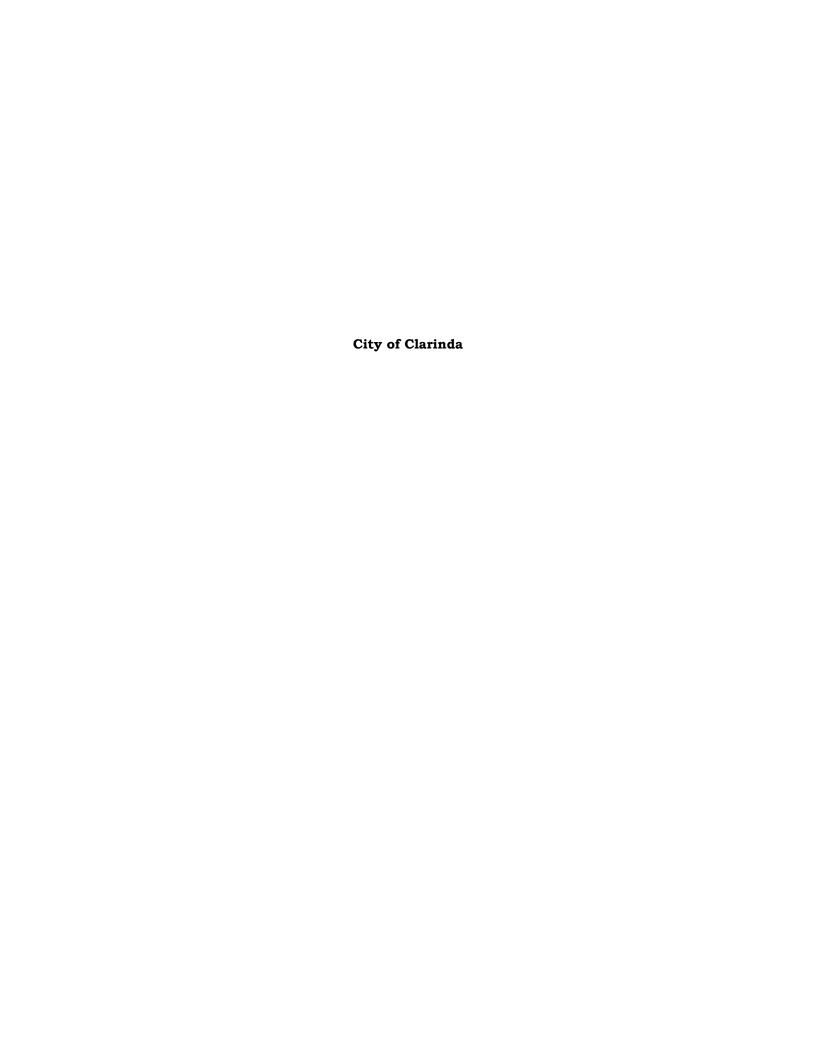
Five of these findings discussed above are repeated from the prior year. The City Council has a fiduciary responsibility to provide oversight of the City's operations and financial transactions. Oversight is typically defined as the "watchful and responsible care" a governing body exercises in its fiduciary capacity.

A copy of the audit report is available for review on the Auditor of State's website at Audit Reports - Auditor of State.

#### **CITY OF CLARINDA**

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SUPPLEMENTARY AND OTHER INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

**JUNE 30, 2024** 





#### OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF STATE

STATE OF IOWA

Rob Sand Auditor of State

State Capitol Building
Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0006

Telephone (515) 281-5834

August 19, 2025

Officials of the City of Clarinda Clarinda, Iowa

Dear Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

I am pleased to submit to you the financial and compliance audit report for the City of Clarinda for the year ended June 30, 2024. The audit was performed pursuant to Chapter 11.6 of the Code of Iowa and in accordance with U.S. auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

I appreciate the cooperation and courtesy extended by the officials and employees of the City of Clarinda throughout the audit. If I or this office can be of any further assistance, please contact me or my staff at 515-281-5834.

Sincerely,

Rob Sand Auditor of State

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#### Officials

#### (Before January 2024)

		Term
<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Expires</u>
Craig Hill	Mayor	Jan 2026
Jeff McCall	Mayor Pro tem	Jan 2024
Austin Ascherl Kaley Neal Matt Ridge Todd Reed (Appointed Dec 2023) James Shore	Council Member Council Member Council Member Council Member Council Member	Jan 2024 Jan 2024 (Resigned Oct 2023) Nov 2025 Jan 2026
Gary McClarnon	City Manager/Clerk/Treasurer	Indefinite
Ron Bitting	Attorney	Indefinite
(А	fter January 2024)	
Name (A	fter January 2024) <u>Title</u>	Term <u>Expires</u>
·	• •	
<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Expires</u>
Name Craig Hill	<u>Title</u> Mayor	<u>Expires</u> Jan 2026

Attorney

Indefinite

Ron Bitting

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#### OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF STATE

STATE OF IOWA

Rob Sand Auditor of State

State Capitol Building
Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0006
Telephone (515) 281-5834

#### <u>Independent Auditor's Report</u>

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Adverse and Unmodified Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Clarinda, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related Notes to Financial Statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Adverse Opinion on the Business Type Activities and the Enterprise, Clarinda Regional Health Center

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinion section of our report, the accompanying financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, the financial position of the business type activities and the Enterprise, Clarinda Regional Health Center Fund of the City of Clarinda as of June 30, 2024, or the changes in its cash basis financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Unmodified Opinions on Governmental Activities, Discretely Presented Component Unit, Each Major Governmental Fund, the Major Enterprise Funds, Water and Sewer and the Aggregate Remaining Fund Information

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major governmental fund, the major Enterprise Funds, Water and Sewer and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Clarinda as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in cash basis financial position for the year then ended in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

#### Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the Unites States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Clarinda, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Matter Giving Rise to Adverse Opinion on the Business Type Activities and the Enterprise, Clarinda Regional Health Center Fund

The financial statements do not include data for the Enterprise, Clarinda Reginal Health Center Fund because the Clarinda Regional Health Center reports in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, a different financial reporting framework than the City's cash basis of accounting. Accounting principles require this fund be presented as a major Enterprise Fund and financial information about the Enterprise, Clarinda Regional Health Center Fund be part of the business type activities, thus increasing that activity's receipts and disbursements and changing its net position. The amounts by which this departure affects the receipts, disbursements and cash balance of the business type activities and the omitted major fund are \$65,289,129, \$59,770,725 and \$9,620,631, respectively.

#### Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1, and for determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Clarinda's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Clarinda's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Clarinda's basic financial statements. We previously audited, in accordance with the standards referred to in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of this report, the financial statements for the nine years ended June 30, 2023 (which are not presented herein) and expressed adverse opinions on the business type activities and the Enterprise, Clarinda Regional health Center Fund due to the omission of the Enterprise, Clarinda Regional Health Center Fund from the City's financial statements and unmodified opinions on those financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, the major governmental funds, the major Enterprise Funds, Water and Sewer and the aggregate remaining fund information which were prepared on the cash basis of accounting. The supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 3, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the supplementary information in Schedules 1 through 3 is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in this report. The other information comprises the Budgetary Comparison Information, the Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and the Schedule of City Contributions on pages 34 through 42 but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated August 19, 2025 on our consideration of the City of Clarinda's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the City of Clarinda's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Brian R. Brustkern, CPA Deputy Auditor of State

mi R. M.

August 19, 2025





#### Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position

#### As of and for the year ended June 30, 2024

				Program Receipts	S
			Charges for	Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted	Capital Grants, Contributions and Restricted
	Dis	bursements	Service	Interest	Interest
Functions/Programs:					
Primary Government:					
Governmental activities:					
Public safety	\$	1,332,274	93,633	1,091	-
Public works		1,010,660	87,457	758,385	117,508
Health and social services		5,000	-	-	-
Culture and recreation		1,315,826	274,663	339,559	737,308
Community and economic development		358,068	-	-	480,036
General government		491,735	22,810	-	-
Debt service		460,920	_	9,817	-
Capital projects		1,525,003	_		
Total governmental activities		6,499,486	478,563	1,108,852	1,334,852
Business type activities:					
Water		1,565,548	1,575,447	_	9,608
Sewer		1,679,646	1,753,278	_	450
Yard waste		14,645	24,336	-	_
Storm water		24,961	61,718	-	
Total business type activities		3,284,800	3,414,779	-	10,058
Total primary government	\$	9,784,286	3,893,342	1,108,852	1,344,910
Component Unit:					
Clarinda Economic Development Corporation	\$	112,326		82,577	

#### General Receipts:

Property and other city tax levied for:

General purposes

Debt service

Tax increment financing

Local option sales tax

Hotel/motel tax

Property tax replacement

Rent

Unrestricted interest on investments

Sewer revenue bond proceeds, net of \$5,170 initiation fee

Miscellaneous

Total general receipts

Change in cash basis net position

Cash basis net position beginning of year

Cash basis net position end of year

#### **Cash Basis Net Position**

Restricted:

Nonexpendable:

Permanent funds

Expendable: Streets

Employee benefits

Debt service

Capital projects Library purposes

Other purposes

Unrestricted

#### Total cash basis net position

See notes to financial statements.

	Primary Government		Component Un
Covernmental	Ducinosa Typo		Clarinda Economic Development
Governmental	Business Type	m-4-1	-
Activities	Activities	Total	Corporation
(1,237,550)	-	(1,237,550)	
(47,310)	-	(47,310)	
(5,000)	-	(5,000)	
35,704	-	35,704	
121,968	-	121,968	
(468,925)	-	(468,925)	
(451,103)	-	(451,103)	
(1,525,003)	-	(1,525,003)	
(3,577,219)		(3,577,219)	
_	19,507	19,507	
_	74,082	74,082	
-	9,691	9,691	
_	36,757	36,757	
	140,037	140,037	
(3,577,219)	140,037	(3,437,182)	
			(29,74
0.171.774		0.171.774	
2,171,774	-	2,171,774	
433,097 230,542	-	433,097 230,542	
714,375	-	714,375	
131,026	_	131,026	
179,698		179,698	
53,097	-	53,097	
37,030	60 527		6,89
	62,537	99,567 532,073	0,69
532,073 13,089	-	13,089	
4,495,801	62,537	4,558,338	6,89
918,582	202,574	1,121,156	(22,85
3,197,687	3,603,336	6,801,023	335,97
\$ 4,116,269	3,805,910	7,922,179	313,12
160,666	-	160,666	
801,373	=	801,373	
689,608	-	689,608	
208,135	-	208,135	
932,974	-	932,974	
568,392	-	568,392	
59,613	-	59,613	
695,508	3,805,910	4,501,418	313,12

#### Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balances Governmental Funds

As of and for the year ended June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue				ie
			Road	pecial reveira	Local
			Use	Employee	Option
		General	Tax	Benefits	Sales Tax
Receipts:		General	Tun	Belletito	baics rax
Property tax	\$	1,470,777	-	594,151	-
Tax increment financing		-	_	_	_
Local option sales tax		_	_	_	714,375
Other city tax		237,872	_	_	
Licenses and permits		22,962	_	_	_
Use of money and property		159,389	_	_	_
Intergovernmental		283,469	758,385	43,496	_
Charges for service		279,198	-	10,150	_
Special assessments		17,099	_	_	_
Miscellaneous		67,852	21,411	_	_
Total receipts		2,538,618	779,796	637,647	714,375
Disbursements:		_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,	551,511	,
Operating:					
Public safety		973,817	_	278,520	_
Public works		108,925	749,415	152,320	_
Health and social services		5,000	- 15,110	102,020	_
Culture and recreation		1,165,787	_	136,027	_
Community and economic development		202,459	_	130,027	
General government		466,686	-	25,049	_
Debt service		400,000	-	23,049	-
		-	-	-	-
Capital projects	-	<del>-</del>			<u> </u>
Total disbursements		2,922,674	749,415	591,916	-
Excess (deficiency) of receipts					
over (under) disbursements		(384,056)	30,381	45,731	714,375
Other financing sources (uses):					
Sewer revenue bond proceeds,					
net of \$5,170 initiation fee		-	-	-	-
Transfers in		571,500	-	-	-
Transfers out		(200,925)	-	-	(714,375)
Total other financing sources (uses)		370,575	-	-	(714,375)
Change in cash balances		(13,481)	30,381	45,731	_
Cash balances beginning of year		708,989	770,992	643,877	-
Cash balances end of year	\$	695,508	801,373	689,608	-
Cash Basis Fund Balances					
Nonspendable:					
Cemetery perpetual care	\$	_	_	_	_
Library	~	_	_	_	_
Restricted for:					
Streets		_	801,373	_	_
Employee benefits		_	-	689,608	_
Debt service		_	-	009,000	-
Capital projects		<u>-</u>	-	-	-
		-	-	-	-
Library purposes		-	-	-	-
Other purposes		- 605 508	-	-	-
Unassigned		695,508		_	
Total cash basis fund balances	\$	695,508	801,373	689,608	

See notes to financial statements.

D.14	0 1 - 1		
Debt Service	Capital Projects	Nonmajor	Total
Scrvice	Trojects	Nommajor	Total
433,097	_	_	2,498,025
-	-	230,542	230,542
-	-	-	714,375
-	-	-	237,872
-	-	-	22,962
9,817	-	10,805	180,011
20,917	1,016,169	-	2,122,436
-	-	-	279,198
-	-	-	17,099
	290,017	204,195	583,475
463,831	1,306,186	445,542	6,885,995
-	-	79,937	1,332,274
-	-	-	1,010,660
-	-	-	5,000
-	-	14,012	1,315,826
-	-	155,609	358,068
460 020	-	-	491,735
460,920	1 525 003	-	460,920
	1,525,003		1,525,003
460,920	1,525,003	249,558	6,499,486
2,911	(218,817)	195,984	386,509
_	532,073	_	532,073
_	332,763	11,037	915,300
-	-	-	(915,300)
	864,836	11,037	532,073
2,911	646,019	207,021	918,582
38,663	286,955	748,211	3,197,687
41,574	932,974	955,232	4,116,269
_	_	60,666	60,666
_	_	100,000	100,000
		100,000	100,000
-	-	-	801,373
-	-	-	689,608
41,574	-	166,561	208,135
-	932,974	-	932,974
-	-	568,392	568,392
-	-	59,613	59,613
	-	-	695,508
41,574	932,974	955,232	4,116,269

#### Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balances Proprietary Funds

As of and for the year ended June 30, 2024

	Enterprise				
		Water	Sewer	Nonmajor	Total
Operating receipts: Charges for service Miscellaneous	\$	1,575,447 9,608	1,753,278 450	86,054 -	3,414,779 10,058
Total operating receipts Operating disbursements: Business type activities		1,585,055 1,127,293	1,753,728 633,963	86,054 39,606	3,424,837 1,800,862
Excess of operating receipts over operating disbursements		457,762	1,119,765	46,448	1,623,975
Non-operating receipts (disbursements): Interest on investments Debt service Capital outlay		38,563 (426,900) (11,355)	23,974 (877,568) (168,115)	- - -	62,537 (1,304,468) (179,470)
Net non-operating disbursements		(399,692)	(1,021,709)	-	(1,421,401)
Change in cash balances Cash balances beginning of year		58,070 701,358	98,056 2,649,129	46,448 252,849	202,574 3,603,336
Cash balances end of year	\$	759,428	2,747,185	299,297	3,805,910
Cash Basis Fund Balances Unrestricted	\$	759,428	2,747,185	299,297	3,805,910

See notes to financial statements.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

#### (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Clarinda is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa located in Page County. It was first incorporated in 1866 and operates under the Home Rule provisions of the Constitution of Iowa. The City operates under the Mayor-Council form of government with the Mayor and Council Members elected on a non-partisan basis. The City provides numerous services to citizens, including public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development and general government services. The City also provides water and sewer utilities for its citizens.

#### A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the City of Clarinda has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities except for the Enterprise, Clarinda Regional Medical Center Fund. The City has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the City to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City.

These financial statements present the City of Clarinda (the primary government), the Clarinda Economic Development Corporation, the Clarinda Library Foundation and Clarinda Fire and Rescue (component units). These component units, discussed below, are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the City. These nonprofit organizations were formed under Chapter 504A of the Code of Iowa.

#### Discretely Presented Component Unit

The Clarinda Economic Development Corporation (CEDC) is presented in a separate column to emphasize it is legally separate from the City but is financially accountable to the City or its relationship with the City is such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The CEDC is governed by a ninemember board. One member is elected from the Clarinda City Council. The CEDC is dependent on City funding to maintain its existence.

#### **Blended Component Units**

The Clarinda Library Foundation (Foundation) and Clarinda Fire and Rescue (Fire and Rescue) are legally separate from the City, but are so intertwined with the City they are, in substance, part of the City. The Foundation and Fire and Rescue collect donations which are to be used to purchase items not included in the City's budget and to make donations to the City to help finance a new library and fire equipment. The financial transactions are reported as Special Revenue Funds of the City.

#### Jointly Governed Organizations

The City participates in several jointly governed organizations that provide goods or services to the citizenry of the City but do not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. City officials are members of the Page County Assessor's Conference Board, the Page County Emergency Management Commission, the Page County Joint 911 Service Board and the Page County Landfill.

#### Related Organization

The City Council is responsible for appointing the members of the Low Rent Housing Board, but the City's accountability for this organization does not extend beyond making the appointments.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

<u>Government-wide Financial Statement</u> – The Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position reports information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from this statement. Governmental activities, which are supported by tax and intergovernmental receipts, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for service.

The Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position presents the City's nonfiduciary net position. Net position is reported in the following categories:

Nonexpendable restricted net position is subject to externally imposed stipulations which require the cash balance to be maintained permanently by the City, including the City's Permanent Funds.

Expendable restricted net position results when constraints placed on the use of cash balances are either externally imposed or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position consists of cash balances not meeting the definition of the preceding categories. Unrestricted net position is often subject to constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position demonstrates the degree to which the direct disbursements of a given function are offset by program receipts. Direct disbursements are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program receipts include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest on investments restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program receipts are reported instead as general receipts.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds and nonmajor proprietary funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. All general tax receipts from general and emergency levies and other receipts not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating disbursements, the fixed charges and the capital improvement costs not paid from other funds.

#### Special Revenue:

The Road Use Tax Fund is used to account for the road use tax allocation from the State of Iowa to be used for road construction and maintenance.

The Employee Benefits Fund is used to account for the employee benefits property tax levy for the payment of employee benefits.

The Local Option Sales Tax Fund is used to account for receipts from the tax authorized by referendum and used for property tax relief, community protection, streets and economic development.

The Debt Service Fund is utilized to account for property tax and other receipts to be used for the payment of interest and principal on the City's general long-term debt.

The Capital Projects Fund is utilized to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities with the exception of those financed through Enterprise Funds.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Enterprise, Water Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's water system.

The Enterprise, Sewer Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's wastewater treatment and sanitary sewer system.

#### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The City maintains its financial records on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements and the financial statements of the City are prepared on that basis. The cash basis of accounting does not give effect to accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued items. Accordingly, the financial statements do not present financial position and results of operations of the funds in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general receipts. Thus, when program disbursements are paid, there are both restricted and unrestricted cash basis net position available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants and then by general receipts.

When a disbursement in governmental funds can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the City's policy is generally to first apply the disbursement toward restricted fund balance and then to less-restrictive classifications – committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating receipts and disbursements from non-operating items. Operating receipts and disbursements generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All receipts and disbursements not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating receipts and disbursements.

#### D. Property Taxes and Governmental Cash Basis Fund Balances

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

Property tax revenues recognized in the governmental funds become due and collectible in September and March of the current fiscal year with a 1½% per month penalty for delinquent payments: is based on January 1, 2022 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024 and reflects tax asking contained in the budget certified to the City Council in April 2023.

In the governmental fund financial statements, cash basis fund balances are classified as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – Amounts which cannot be spent because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> – Amounts restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or state or federal laws or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unassigned – All amounts not included in the preceding classifications.

#### E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Other Information. During the year ended June 30, 2024, disbursements exceeded the amounts budgeted in the debt service function.

#### (2) Cash and Pooled Investments

The City's deposits in banks at June 30, 2024 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to ensure there will be no loss of public funds.

The City is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the City Council; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

The City had no investments meeting the disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72.

At June 30, 2024, the Clarinda Library Foundation (Foundation), a blended component unit, had the following investments:

	Carrying	Fair	
Investment	Amount	Value	Maturity
Mutual funds	\$ 200,724	258,866	N/A
Citibank National Association Bond	131,001	130,955	September 5, 2024

The Foundation uses the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The recurring fair value of the Foundation's mutual funds were determined using quoted market prices. (Level 1 inputs)

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> – The City's investment policy limits the investment of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within 15 months of receipt) to instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than 397 days, but the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and use of the City.

Credit Risk – The investments in mutual funds are unrated.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> – The Foundation places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

#### (3) Long-Term Debt

#### **Bonds**

A summary of changes in bonds payable for the year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

					Due
	Beginning			Ending	Within
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances	One Year
Governmental activities:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 2,630,000	-	400,000	2,230,000	410,000
Business type activities:					
Water revenue bonds - Direct borrowing	\$ 1,245,000	-	402,000	843,000	415,000
Sewer revenue bonds - Direct borrowing	12,981,187	537,243	677,000	12,841,430	727,271
Business-type activities total	\$ 14,226,187	537,243	1,079,000	13,684,430	1,142,271

#### **General Obligation Bonds**

A summary of the City's June 30, 2024 general obligation bonds payable is as follows:

	Co	rpo	rate Purpos	se				
Year	Iss	ued	Mar 11, 20	20	Issu	ıed	Mar 10, 20	21
Ending	Interest				Interest			
June 30,	Rates	I	Principal	Interest	Rates	I	Principal	Interest
2025	3.00%	\$	150,000	29,250	2.00%	\$	260,000	21,020
2026	3.00		155,000	24,750	2.00		160,000	15,820
2027	3.00		160,000	20,100	2.00		160,000	12,620
2028	3.00		165,000	15,300	2.00		165,000	9,420
2029	3.00		170,000	10,350	1.50		170,000	6,120
2030-2031	3.00		175,000	5,250	1.00-1.10		340,000	5,440
Total		\$	975,000	105,000		\$	1,255,000	70,440

Year			Total	
Ending				
June 30,	I	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$	410,000	50,270	460,270
2026		315,000	40,570	355,570
2027		320,000	32,720	352,720
2028		330,000	24,720	354,720
2029		340,000	16,470	356,470
2030-2031		515,000	10,690	525,690
Total	\$ 2	2,230,000	175,440	2,405,440

On March 11, 2020, the City issued \$1,500,000 of general obligation bonds with an interest rate of 3.00% per annum. The bonds were issued for the purpose of paying the costs, to that extent, of constructing street repairs and improvements, including incidental related public infrastructure work. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the City paid \$145,000 of principal and \$33,600 of interest on the bonds.

On March 10, 2021, the City issued \$2,000,000 of general obligation bonds with interest rates ranging from 1.00% to 2.00% per annum. The bonds were issued for the purpose of paying the costs, to that extent, of constructing street repairs and improvements, including incidental related infrastructure work, acquiring a fire truck, and a current refunding of the 2015 general obligation bonds. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the City paid \$255,000 of principal and \$26,120 of interest on the bonds.

#### Revenue Bonds - Direct Borrowing

A summary of the City's June 30, 2024 water revenue bonds payable is as follows:

Vaca	Water Issued Oct 19, 2005						
Year _ Ending	Interest			m + 1			
June 30, 2025	Rates 1.75%	Principal \$ 415,000	Interest 14,753	Total 429,753			
2026	1.75	428,000	7,490	435,490			
		\$ 843,000	22,243	865,243			

#### Water Revenue Bonds - Direct Borrowing

On October 19, 2005, the City entered into an agreement with the Iowa Finance Authority (IFA) for the issuance of up to \$6,500,000 of drinking water revenue bonds with interest at 3.0% per annum. The Iowa Finance Authority approved a reduction to the interest rate from 3.0% per annum to 1.75% per annum effective December 1, 2015. The bonds were issued pursuant to the provisions of Sections 384.24A and 384.83 of the Code of Iowa for the purpose of paying the cost of construction of a drinking water treatment facility. In the event of a default, the issuer shall have the right to take any action authorized under the regulations, the revenue bond or the agreement and to take whatever action at law or equity may appear necessary or desirable to collect the amounts then due and thereafter to become due under the agreement or to enforce the performance and observation of any duty, covenant, obligation or agreement of the participant under the agreement. The total amount borrowed by the City was \$6,409,000. The agreement also requires the City to annually pay a .25% servicing fee on the outstanding principal balance. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the City paid principal of \$402,000 and interest of \$21,787 leaving a principal balance of \$843,000 at June 30, 2024.

The City has pledged future water customer receipts, net of specified operating disbursements, to repay the water revenue bonds. The bonds are payable solely from water customer net receipts. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require approximately 92.6% of net receipts. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$865,243. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total customer net receipts were \$423,787 and \$457,762, respectively.

The resolution providing for the issuance of the water revenue bonds includes the following provisions:

- (a) The bonds will only be redeemed from the future earnings of the enterprise activity and the bond holders hold a lien on the future earnings of the funds.
- (b) The rents, rates and other charges shall be at least sufficient to meet the operation and maintenance expenses of the water system and to produce and maintain net receipts at a level not less than 110% of the amount of the annual principal and interest due on the revenue bonds.

#### Sewer Revenue Bonds - Direct Borrowing

On December 20, 2019, the City entered into an agreement with the Iowa Finance Authority (IFA) for the issuance of up to \$16,434,000 of sewer revenue bonds with interest at 1.75% per annum. The bonds were issued pursuant to the provisions of Sections 384.24A and 384.83 of the Code of Iowa for the purpose of paying the cost of construction of a wastewater treatment facility. The City will draw down funds from the IFA upon request to reimburse the City for costs as they are incurred. In the event of a default, the issuer shall have the right to take any action authorized under the regulations, the revenue bond or the agreement and to take whatever action at law or equity may appear necessary or desirable to collect the amounts then due and thereafter to become due under the agreement or to enforce the performance and observation of any duty, covenant, obligation or agreement of the participant under the agreement. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the City drew down \$537,243 of the authorized amount, leaving a balance of \$601,570 to draw. The agreement also requires the City to annually pay a .25% servicing fee on the outstanding principal balance. A final repayment schedule has not yet been adopted for the bonds. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the City made a principal payment of \$677,000 and paid interest of \$168,115, leaving a principal balance of \$12,841,430 at June 30, 2024.

The City has pledged future sewer customer receipts, net of specified operating disbursements, to repay the sewer revenue bonds. The bonds are payable solely from sewer customer net receipts. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require approximately 75.5% of net receipts. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total customer net receipts were \$845,115 and \$1,119,765, respectively.

The resolution providing for the issuance of the sewer revenue bonds includes the following provisions:

- (a) The bonds will only be redeemed from the future earnings of the enterprise activity and the bond holders hold a lien on the future earnings of the funds.
- (b) The rents, rates and other charges shall be at least sufficient to meet the operation and maintenance expenses of the sewer system and to produce and maintain net receipts at a level not less than 110% of the amount of the annual principal and interest due on the revenue bonds.

#### (4) Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> – IPERS membership is mandatory for employees of the City, except for those covered by another retirement system. Employees of the City are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS). IPERS issues a stand-alone financial report which is available to the public by mail PO Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117 or at www.ipers.org.

IPERS benefits are established under Iowa Code Chapter 97B and the administrative rules thereunder. Chapter 97B and the administrative rules are the official plan documents. The following brief description is provided for general informational purposes only. Refer to the plan documents for more information.

<u>Pension Benefits</u> – A Regular member may retire at normal retirement age and receive monthly benefits without an early-retirement reduction. Normal retirement age is age 65, any time after reaching age 62 with 20 or more years of covered employment or when the member's years of service plus the member's age at the last birthday equals or exceeds 88, whichever comes first. These qualifications must be met on the member's first month of entitlement to benefits. Members cannot begin receiving retirement benefits before age 55. The formula used to calculate a Regular member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- A multiplier based on years of service.
- The member's highest five-year average salary, except members with service before June 30, 2012 will use the highest three-year average salary as of that date if it is greater than the highest five-year average salary.

Protection Occupation members may retire at normal retirement age, which is generally age 55 and may retire any time after reaching age 50 with 22 or more years of covered employment.

The formula used to calculate a Protection Occupation member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- 60% of average salary after completion of 22 years of special service, plus an additional 1.5% of average salary for more than 22 years of special service but not more than 30 years of service.
- The member's highest three-year average salary.

If a Regular member retires before normal retirement age, the member's monthly retirement benefit will be permanently reduced by an early-retirement reduction. The early-retirement reduction is calculated differently for service earned before and after July 1, 2012. For service earned before July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.25% for each month the member receives benefits before the member's earliest normal retirement age. For service earned on or after July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.50% for each month the member receives benefits before age 65

Generally, once a member selects a benefit option, a monthly benefit is calculated and remains the same for the rest of the member's lifetime. However, to combat the effects of inflation, retirees who began receiving benefits prior to July 1990 receive a guaranteed dividend with their regular November benefit payments.

<u>Disability and Death Benefits</u> – A vested member who is awarded federal Social Security disability or Railroad Retirement disability benefits is eligible to claim IPERS benefits regardless of age. Disability benefits are not reduced for early retirement. If a member dies before retirement, the member's beneficiary will receive a lifetime annuity or a lump-sum payment equal to the present actuarial value of the member's accrued benefit or calculated with a set formula, whichever is greater. When a member dies after retirement, death benefits depend on the benefit option the member selected at retirement.

<u>Contributions</u> – Contribution rates are established by IPERS following the annual actuarial valuation which applies IPERS' Contribution Rate Funding Policy and Actuarial Amortization Method. State statute limits the amount rates can increase or decrease each year to 1 percentage point. IPERS' Contribution Rate Funding Policy requires the actuarial contribution rate be determined using the "entry age normal" actuarial cost method and the actuarial assumptions and methods approved by the IPERS Investment Board. The actuarial contribution rate covers normal cost plus the unfunded actuarial liability payment based on a 30-year amortization period. The payment to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability is determined as a level percentage of payroll based on the Actuarial Amortization Method adopted by the Investment Board.

In fiscal year 2024, pursuant to the required rate, Regular members contributed 6.29% of covered payroll and the City contributed 9.44% of covered payroll, for a total rate of 15.73%. Protection occupation members contributed 6.21% of covered payroll and the City contributed 9.31% of covered payroll, for a total rate of 15.52%.

The City's contributions to IPERS for the year ended June 30, 2024 totaled \$146,742.

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At June 30, 2024, the City reported a liability of \$357,479 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to IPERS relative to the contributions of all IPERS participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the City's proportion was 0.007920%, which was a increase of 0.002061% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City's pension expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources totaled \$66,944, \$688,873 and \$503,419, respectively.

There were no non-employer contributing entities to IPERS.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> – The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Rate of inflation
(effective June 30, 2017)

Rates of salary increase
(effective June 30, 2017)

Long-term investment rate of return
(effective June 30, 2017)

Wage growth
(effective June 30, 2017)

Rates vary by membership group.

7.00% compounded annually, net of investment expense, including inflation.

8.25% per annum, based on 2.60% inflation
and 0.65% real wage inflation.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of a quadrennial experience study covering the period of July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2021.

Mortality rates used in the 2023 valuation were based on the PubG-2010 mortality tables with future mortality improvements modeled using Scale MP-2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	21.0%	4.56%
International equity	16.5	6.22
Global smart beta equity	5.0	5.22
Core plus fixed income	23.0	2.69
Public credit	3.0	4.38
Cash	1.0	1.59
Private equity	17.0	10.44
Private real assets	9.0	3.88
Private credit	4.5	4.60
Total	100.0%	

<u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed employee contributions will be made at the contractually required rate and contributions from the City will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, IPERS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.00%) or 1% higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
City's proportionate share of the net			
pension liability (asset)	\$1,207,557	357,479	(355,048)

<u>IPERS' Fiduciary Net Position</u> – Detailed information about IPERS' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued IPERS financial report which is available on IPERS' website at <u>www.ipers.org</u>.

#### (5) Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

<u>Plan Description</u> – The City operates a single-employer health benefit plan which provides medical/prescription drug benefits for employees, retirees and their spouses. Group insurance benefits are established under Iowa Code Chapter 509A.13. The City currently finances the benefit plan on a pay-as-you-go basis. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City contributed \$430,354 and plan members eligible for benefits contributed \$55,957 to the plan. At June 30, 2024, no assets have been accumulated in a trust which meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

<u>OPEB Benefits</u> – Individuals who are employed by the City and are eligible to participate in the group health plan are eligible to continue healthcare benefits upon retirement. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium for the medical/prescription drug benefits as active employees, which results in an implicit rate subsidy.

Retired participants must be age 55 or older at retirement, with the exception of special service participants who must be age 50 with 22 years of services. At June 30, 2024, there were 23 active employees and no inactive employees or beneficiaries receiving benefit payments.

#### (6) Compensated Absences

City employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation, holiday and compensatory hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, retirement or death. These accumulations are not recognized as disbursements by the City until used or paid. The City's approximate liability for earned vacation, holiday and compensatory hours payable to employees at June 30, 2024, primarily relating to the General Fund and the Enterprise, Water and Sewer Funds, is as follows:

Type of Benefit	Amount
Vacation	\$ 142,000
Holiday	19,000
Compensatory time	 19,000
Total	\$ 180,000

This liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2024.

#### (7) Hospital Revenue Bonds

The City has issued a total of \$45,170,000 of hospital revenue bonds for Clarinda Regional Health Center under the provisions of Chapter 419 of the Code of Iowa, of which \$29,256,194 is outstanding at June 30, 2024. The bonds and related interest are payable solely from the revenues of the health center, and the bond principal and interest do not constitute liabilities of the City.

#### (8) Interfund Transfers

The detail of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

Transfer to	Transfer from		Amount
General	Special Revenue: Local Option Sales Tax	\$	571,500
Special Revenue:	Local Option baies rax	Ψ_	371,300
Tax Increment Financing	General		11,037
Capital Projects	General Special Revenue:		189,888
	Local Option Sales Tax		142,875
	_		332,763
Total		\$	915,300

Transfers generally move resources from the fund statutorily required to collect the resources to the fund statutorily required to disburse the resources.

#### (9) Development and Rebate Agreements

The City has entered into development and rebate agreements to assist in an urban renewal project. The City agreed to rebate incremental property tax paid by the developers in exchange for public improvement infrastructure constructed by the developers as set forth in the urban renewal plan.

In accordance with the development and rebate agreements, the incremental property tax to be received by the City under Chapter 403.19 of the Code of Iowa from the developer will be rebated for a period of ten years beginning with the tax year in which property tax on the completed value of the improvement is first paid. The total amount rebated each year shall be 100% of the incremental property tax received by the City, not to exceed \$3,200,000. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the City rebated \$155,609 of the incremental property tax received. The estimated outstanding balance to be paid on the agreements at June 30, 2024 is \$2,590,555. Of this amount, \$2,027,919 is subject to annual appropriation.

These agreements are not a general obligation of the City. However, the agreements are subject to the constitutional debt limitation of the City.

#### (10) Risk Management

The City is a member of the Iowa Communities Assurance Pool, as allowed by Chapter 670.7 of the Code of Iowa. The Iowa Communities Assurance Pool (Pool) is a local government risk-sharing pool whose 803 members include various governmental entities throughout the State of Iowa. The Pool was formed in August 1986 for the purpose of managing and funding third-party liability claims against its members. The Pool provides coverage and protection in the following categories: general liability, automobile liability, automobile physical damage, employment practices liability, public officials liability, cyber liability and law enforcement liability. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from prior years.

Each member's annual casualty contributions to the Pool fund current operations and provide capital. Annual casualty operating contributions are those amounts necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, claims, claims expenses and reinsurance expenses estimated for the fiscal year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Capital contributions are made during the first six years of membership and are maintained at a level determined by the Board not to exceed 300% of basis rate.

The Pool also provides property coverage. Members who elect such coverage make annual property operating contributions which are necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, reinsurance premiums, losses and loss expenses for property risks estimated for the fiscal year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Any year-end operating surplus is transferred to capital. Deficiencies in operations are offset by transfers from capital and, if insufficient, by the subsequent year's member contributions.

The City's property and casualty contributions to the Pool are recorded as disbursements from its operating funds at the time of payment to the Pool. The City's contributions to the Pool for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$213,887.

The Pool uses reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses. The Pool retains general, automobile, employment practices, law enforcement, cyber, and public officials' liability risks up to \$500,000 per claim. Claims exceeding \$500,000 are reinsured through reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements up to the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the City's risk-sharing certificate. Property and automobile physical damage risks are retained by the Pool up to \$500,000 each occurrence, each location. Property risks exceeding \$500,000 are reinsured through reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements up to the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the City's risk-sharing certificate.

The Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members provides that in the event a casualty claim, property loss or series of claims or losses exceeds the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the City's risk-sharing certificate, or in the event a casualty claim, property loss or series of claims or losses exhausts the Pool's funds and any excess risk-sharing recoveries, then payment of such claims or losses shall be the obligation of the respective individual member against whom the claim was made or the loss was incurred. As of June 30, 2024, settled claims have not exceeded the risk pool or reinsurance coverage since the Pool's inception.

Members agree to continue membership in the Pool for a period of not less than one full year. After such period, a member who has given 60 days' prior written notice may withdraw from the Pool. Upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claims expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim was incurred or reported prior to the member's withdrawal. Upon withdrawal, a formula set forth in the Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members is applied to determine the amount (if any) to be refunded to the withdrawing member.

The City also carries commercial insurance purchased from other insurers for coverage associated with workers' compensation, airport liability and employee blanket bond in the amounts of \$1,000,000, \$1,000,000 and \$100,000 or \$50,000, respectively. The City assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### (11) Tax Abatements

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 77 defines tax abatements as a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax receipts to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments.

#### City Tax Abatements

The City provides tax abatements for urban renewal and economic development projects with tax increment financing as provided for in Chapters 15A and 403 of the Code of Iowa. For these types of projects, the City enters into agreements with developers which require the City, after developers meet the terms of the agreements, to rebate a portion of the property tax paid by the developers, to pay the developers an economic development grant or pay the developers a predetermined dollar amount.

Additionally, the City provides tax abatements for urban revitalization projects under Chapter 404 of the Code of Iowa. For these types of projects, the City will abate up to \$150,000 of assessed value of a property for the revitalized portion of taxes upon prior approval of the City Council. No other commitments were made by the City as part of these agreements.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, \$67,054 of property tax was diverted from the City under the urban renewal and economic development agreements and \$6,664 of property tax under the urban revitalization projects.

#### (12) Lease Agreements

On October 6, 1999, the City entered into a twenty-year lease with a private organization for the use of land for a cellular telecommunications system. On October 6, 2019, the lease was automatically renewed for an additional five years and has three additional five-year options that will automatically renew. The annual rental amount for each renewal term shall be equal to 120% of the previous term's annual rental amount. The City is to receive annual payments ranging from \$1,440 to \$2,488, with an incremental lending rate of 1.79%.

On September 13, 2023, the City entered into a fifty-year lease with a private organization for the use of the vacant half of City Hall starting on October 1, 2023. After 25 years, the lease may be renegotiated. A renewal option of an additional five years is available after the 50-year lease expires. The City is to receive monthly payments for \$1,500 each month for an annual payment of \$18,000, with an incremental lending rate of 2.0%.

During the year ended June 30, 2024, the City received a total principal of \$6,890 and interest of \$8,050 on these lease agreements.

Future principal and interest lease receipts as of June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Year							
Ending		C	Cell Towers			FMTC	
June 30,	Pr	rincipal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$	1,243	485	1,728	6,789	11,211	18,000
2026		1,266	462	1,728	6,926	11,074	18,000
2027		1,288	440	1,728	7,066	10,934	18,000
2028		1,311	417	1,728	7,209	10,791	18,000
2029		1,335	393	1,728	7,354	10,646	18,000
2030-2034		8,832	1,536	10,368	39,060	50,940	90,000
2035-2039		11,800	641	12,441	43,164	46,836	90,000
2040-2044		-	-	-	47,700	42,300	90,000
2045-2049		-	-	-	52,712	37,288	90,000
2050-2054		-	-	-	58,251	31,749	90,000
2055-2059		-	-	-	64,372	25,628	90,000
2060-2064		-	-	-	71,136	18,864	90,000
2065-2069		-	-	-	78,611	11,389	90,000
2070-2074		-			73,280	3,220	76,500
Total	\$	27,075	4,374	31,449	563,630	322,870	886,500

Year				
Ending			Total	
June 30,	Principal		Interest	Total
2025	\$	8,032	11,696	19,728
2026		8,192	11,536	19,728
2027		8,354	11,374	19,728
2028		8,520	11,208	19,728
2029		8,689	11,039	19,728
2030-2034		47,892	52,476	100,368
2035-2039		54,964	47,477	102,441
2040-2044		47,700	42,300	90,000
2045-2049		52,712	37,288	90,000
2050-2054		58,251	31,749	90,000
2055-2059		64,372	25,628	90,000
2060-2064		71,136	18,864	90,000
2065-2069		78,611	11,389	90,000
2070-2074		73,280	3,220	76,500
Total	\$	590,705	327,244	917,949

#### (13) Interfund Loan

As of the year ended June 30, 2024, the General Fund has loaned the Special Revenue, Tax Increment Financing fund (TIF) \$175,921 at no interest. The loan was established to help provide economic development support to developers undertaking the development of residential subdivisions in an urban renewal area. Payments were scheduled to begin starting during fiscal year 2024 to the extent there are incremental tax receipts available which have been allocated to the Special Revenue, TIF fund. No repayments have been made as of June 30, 2024.

#### (14) Subsequent Event

On February 26, 2025 City of Clarinda issued \$3,500,000 General Obligation Corporate Purpose Bonds, Series 2025 for the purpose of paying the cost, to that extent, of constructing street, water, sanitary sewer and storm water drainage improvements; and acquiring and installing street lighting, signage and signalization improvements.

Other Information

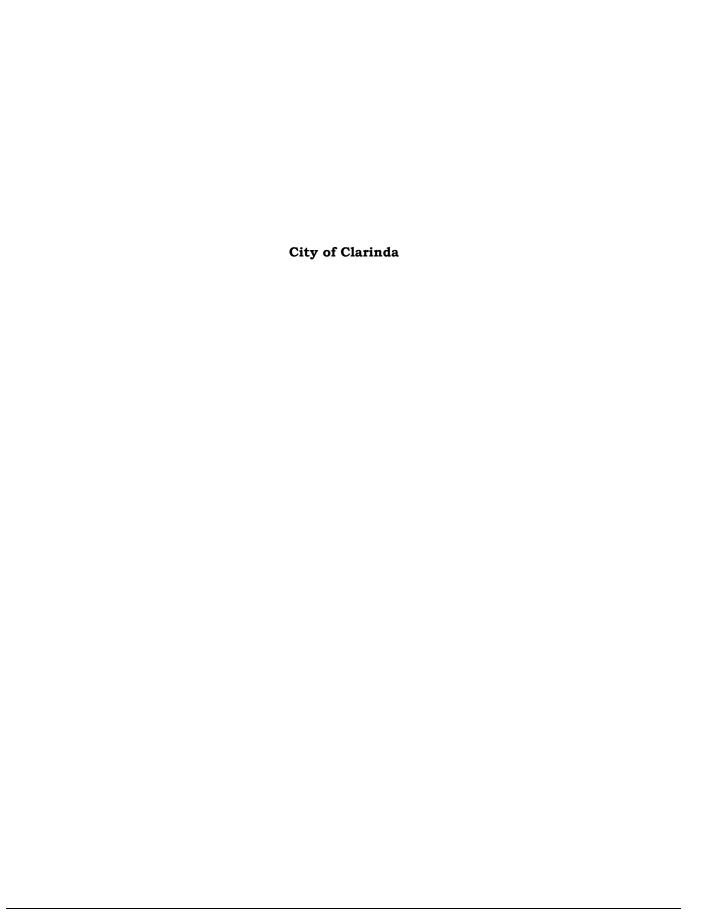
# Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Balances – Budget and Actual – All Governmental Funds and Proprietary Funds

# Other Information

# Year ended June 30, 2024

	Proprietary				
			Funds		
			Actual	Unaudited	
			(Excluding	Clarinda	
	Go	vernmental	Clarinda	Regional	
		Funds	Regional	Health Center	
		Actual	Health Center)	Actual	
Receipts:					
Property tax	\$	2,498,025	-	-	
Tax increment financing		230,542	-	-	
Other city tax		952,247	-	-	
Licenses and permits		22,962	-	-	
Use of money and property		180,011	62,537	5,439,388	
Intergovernmental		2,122,436	-	-	
Charges for service		279,198	3,414,779	54,107,493	
Special assessment		17,099	-	-	
Miscellaneous		583,475	10,058	5,742,248	
Total receipts		6,885,995	3,487,374	65,289,129	
Disbursements:					
Public safety		1,332,274	-	_	
Public works		1,010,660	_	_	
Health and social services		5,000	-	_	
Culture and recreation		1,315,826	-	_	
Community and economic development		358,068	-	_	
General government		491,735	-	_	
Debt service		460,920	-	_	
Capital projects		1,525,003	-	_	
Business type activities		-	3,284,800	59,770,725	
Total disbursements		6,499,486	3,284,800	59,770,725	
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over					
(under) disbursements		386,509	202,574	5,518,404	
Other financing sources, net		532,073	-	-	
Change in balances		918,582	202,574	5,518,404	
Balances beginning of year		3,197,687	3,603,336	4,102,227	
Balances end of year	\$	4,116,269	3,805,910	9,620,631	

Less				
Funds not				
Required to		Budgeted	Amounts	
be Budgeted	Total	Original	Final	Variance
-	2,498,025	2,481,818	2,481,818	16,207
-	230,542	191,367	191,367	39,175
-	952,247	808,339	828,339	123,908
-	22,962	9,000	11,000	11,962
1,174	5,680,762	39,500	79,500	5,601,262
-	2,122,436	1,051,398	1,051,398	1,071,038
-	57,801,470	103,832,540	103,892,540	(46,091,070)
-	17,099	_	-	17,099
204,195	6,131,586	1,000	1,000	6,130,586
205,369	75,457,129	108,414,962	108,536,962	(33,079,833)
79,937	1,252,337	1,298,072	1,303,072	50,735
-	1,010,660	1,126,725	1,181,725	171,065
-	5,000	25,000	25,000	20,000
14,012	1,301,814	1,205,406	1,308,406	6,592
-	358,068	411,367	411,367	53,299
-	491,735	529,758	579,758	88,023
-	460,920	460,720	460,720	(200)
-	1,525,003	1,600,000	1,600,000	74,997
	63,055,525	103,330,065	103,376,065	40,320,540
93,949	69,461,062	109,987,113	110,246,113	40,785,051
111,420	5,996,067	(1,572,151)	(1,709,151)	7,705,218
	532,073	1,200,000	1,319,000	(786,927)
111,420	6,528,140	(372,151)	(390,151)	6,918,291
303,036	10,600,214	18,177,368	18,177,368	(7,577,154)
414,456	17,128,354	17,805,217	17,787,217	(658,863)



#### Notes to Other Information – Budgetary Reporting

June 30, 2024

The budgetary comparison is presented in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the City Council annually adopts a budget on the cash basis following required public notice and hearing for all funds except the blended and discretely presented component units. The City's budget includes the Clarinda Regional Health Center, a City department which is excluded from the City's financial statements because the Health Center uses a financial reporting framework which differs from the financial reporting framework used by the City. The annual budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures.

Formal and legal budgetary control is based upon nine major classes of disbursements known as functions, not by fund. These nine functions are: public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government, debt service, capital projects and business type activities. Function disbursements required to be budgeted include disbursements for the General Fund, the Special Revenue Funds, the Debt Service Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, the Permanent Funds and the Enterprise Funds. Although the budget document presents function disbursements by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not by fund. During the year, one budget amendment increased budgeted disbursements by \$259,000.

During the year ended June 30, 2024, disbursements exceeded the amounts budgeted in the debt service function.

# Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

## Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System For the Last Ten Years\* (In Thousands)

## Other Information

		2024	2023	2022	2021
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0	007920%	0.005859%	0.129391% **	0.010725%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	357	221	(447)	753
City's covered payroll	\$	1,452	1,438	1,377	1,338
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		24.59%	15.37%	(32.46)%	56.28%
IPERS' net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)		90.13%	91.40%	100.81%	82.90%

<sup>\*</sup> In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, the amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the preceding fiscal year.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Overall plan net pension asset.

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
0.010297%	0.010974%	0.011433%	0.010573%	0.009795%	0.009671%
408	542	719	704	620	560
1,332	1,305	1,246	1,250	1,253	1,299
30.63%	41.53%	57.70%	56.32%	49.48%	43.11%
87.61%	85.19%	81.82%	82.21%	83.62%	85.45%

# Schedule of City Contributions

# Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System For the Last Ten Years (In Thousands)

# Other Information

	2024	2023	2022	2021
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 147	136	135	131
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	(147)	(136)	(135)	(131)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	-	-	
City's covered payroll	\$ 1,583	1,452	1,438	1,377
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	9.29%	9.37%	9.39%	9.51%

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
130	127	116	116	115	122
 (130)	(127)	(116)	(116)	(115)	(122)
 -	_	_	-	-	_
1,338	1,299	1,253	1,250	1,246	1,305
9.72%	9.78%	9.26%	9.28%	9.23%	9.35%

#### Notes to Other Information – Pension Liability

#### Year ended June 30, 2024

#### *Changes of benefit terms*:

There are no significant changes in benefit terms.

## **Changes of assumptions:**

The 2022 valuation incorporated the following refinements after a quadrennial experience study:

- Changed mortality assumptions to the PubG-2010 mortality tables with mortality improvements modeled using Scale MP-2021.
- Adjusted retirement rates for Regular members.
- Lowered disability rates for Regular members.
- Adjusted termination rates for all membership groups.

The 2018 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a demographic assumption study dated June 28, 2018:

- Changed mortality assumptions to the RP-2014 mortality tables with mortality improvements modeled using Scale MP-2017.
- Adjusted retirement rates.
- Lowered disability rates.
- Adjusted the probability of a vested Regular member electing to receive a deferred benefit.
- Adjusted the merit component of the salary increase assumption.

The 2017 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of an experience study dated March 24, 2017:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.00% to 2.60%.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 3.75% to 3.50% per year.
- Decreased the discount rate from 7.50% to 7.00%.
- Decreased the wage growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.
- Decreased the payroll growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.



# Schedule of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

As of and for the year ended June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue				
		Tax		Clarinda	Clarinda
		crement	Library	Library	Fire and
	Fi	inancing	Special	Foundation	Rescue
Receipts:					
Tax increment financing	\$	230,542	-	-	-
Use of money and property		_	9,631	83	1,091
Miscellaneous				142,407	61,788
Total receipts		230,542	9,631	142,490	62,879
Disbursements: Operating:					
Public safety		_	-	-	79,937
Culture and recreation		-	-	14,012	-
Community and economic development		155,609	-	-	
Total disbursements		155,609	-	14,012	79,937
Excess (deficiency)of receipts over (under) disbursements		74,933	9,631	128,478	(17,058)
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in		11,037	-	-	
Change in cash balances		85,970	9,631	128,478	(17,058)
Cash balances beginning of year		80,591	203,918	226,365	76,671
Cash balances end of year	\$	166,561	213,549	354,843	59,613
Cash Basis Fund Balances					
Nonspendable:					
Cemetery perpetual care	\$	-	-	-	-
Library		-	-	-	-
Restricted for:					
Debt service		166,561	-	-	-
Library purposes		-	213,549	354,843	-
Other purposes		-	-		59,613
Total cash basis fund balances	\$	166,561	213,549	354,843	59,613

Perma	nent	
Cemetery		
Perpetual	Library	
Care	Bequest	Total
-	-	230,542
-	-	10,805
		204,195
	-	445,542
-	-	79,937
-	-	14,012
	-	155,609
_	-	249,558
		·
-	-	195,984
		11,037
_	-	207,021
60,666	100,000	748,211
60,666	100,000	955,232
00,000	100,000	300,202
60,666	_	60,666
-	100,000	100,000
_	100,000	100,000
_	_	166,561
_	_	568,392
_	_	59,613
60,666	100,000	955,232
00,000	100,000	200,404



# Schedule of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balances Nonmajor Proprietary Funds

As of and for the year ended June 30, 2024

	Enterprise				
		Yard	Storm		
		Waste	Water	Total	
Operating receipts: Charges for service	\$	24,336	61,718	86,054	
Operating disbursements: Business type activities		14,645	24,961	39,606	
Change in cash balances		9,691	36,757	46,448	
Cash balances beginning of year		83,915	168,934	252,849	
Cash balances end of year	\$	93,606	205,691	299,297	
Cash Basis Fund Balances Unrestricted	\$	93,606	205,691	299,297	

# Schedule of Receipts By Source and Disbursements By Function – All Governmental Funds

# For the Last Ten Years

	2024	2023	2022	2021
Receipts:				
Property tax	\$ 2,498,025	2,393,787	2,302,904	2,275,500
Tax increment financing	230,542	193,322	104,041	55,283
Local option sales tax	714,375	677,340	694,843	753,417
Other city tax	237,872	248,723	180,631	175,147
Licenses and permits	22,962	23,847	21,940	17,457
Use of money and property	180,011	141,567	112,639	81,978
Intergovernmental	2,122,436	1,911,143	1,228,948	1,361,341
Charges for service	279,198	300,036	299,660	246,922
Special assessments	17,099	1,961	10,567	768
Miscellaneous	583,475	145,434	456,469	163,285
Total	\$ 6,885,995	6,037,160	5,412,642	5,131,098
Disbursements:				
Operating:				
Public safety	\$ 1,332,274	1,262,180	1,194,482	1,172,231
Public works	1,010,660	853,742	772,792	669,523
Health and social services	5,000	5,000	5,000	4,000
Culture and recreation	1,315,826	1,369,842	1,314,743	981,798
Community and economic development	358,068	381,811	287,851	216,479
General government	491,735	468,256	417,391	432,522
Debt service	460,920	460,120	467,202	587,028
Capital projects	1,525,003	2,507,492	1,500,971	1,611,045
Total	\$ 6,499,486	7,308,443	5,960,432	5,674,626

-					
2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
2,121,700	2,066,458	2,019,399	2,040,810	2,042,509	2,023,560
171,241	167,565	170,265	110,598	66,907	116,939
511,220	488,406	542,615	511,170	455,211	436,113
173,651	191,856	175,769	99,793	107,662	105,472
21,272	20,015	19,468	16,858	14,802	15,366
87,048	91,850	77,532	74,953	85,594	67,380
895,706	1,196,064	1,125,602	1,400,193	941,078	889,712
237,631	299,894	321,272	339,578	334,123	344,808
-	1,955	3,615	908	649	209
202,157	100,630	405,858	128,393	82,627	89,039
4,421,626	4,624,693	4,861,395	4,723,254	4,131,162	4,088,598
1,149,486	1,125,549	1,125,113	1,105,094	1,127,618	1,189,329
1,099,734	598,093	596,175	622,860	940,471	605,753
3,250	2,000	2,000	1,500	1,500	1,500
976,787	1,009,856	950,356	1,116,212	948,919	1,011,389
205,122	243,351	193,316	118,514	99,782	116,751
346,166	349,854	370,490	346,732	328,951	301,021
572,532	581,225	578,520	573,720	581,306	650,993
411,445	622,764	454,177	939,136	1,162,085	313,744
4,764,522	4,532,692	4,270,147	4,823,768	5,190,632	4,190,480

# OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF STATE



STATE OF IOWA

Rob Sand Auditor of State

State Capitol Building
Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0006

Telephone (515) 281-5834

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control
over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with
Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Clarinda, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related Notes to Financial Statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 19, 2025. Our report expressed unmodified opinions on the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, the General Fund, the major Special Revenue Funds, including the Road Use Tax, the Employee Benefits and the Local Option Sales Tax Funds, the Debt Service Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, the major Enterprise Funds, including the Water and Sewer Funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Clarinda, Iowa as of June 30, 2024. We expressed adverse opinions on the business type activities and the Enterprise, Clarinda Regional Health Center Fund.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Clarinda's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Clarinda's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Clarinda's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as items 2024-001 to be material weakness.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as items 2024-002 through 2024-004 to be significant deficiencies.

#### Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Clarinda's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters which are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance or other matters which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the City's operations for the year ended June 30, 2024 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the City. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

#### City of Clarinda's Responses to Findings

Government Auditing Standards require the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City of Clarinda's responses to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. The City of Clarinda's responses were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of the City of Clarinda during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

Brian R. Brustkern, CPA Deputy Auditor of State

Bi R. B.

August 19, 2025

#### Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2024

#### INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCIES:

#### 2024-001 Segregation of Duties

<u>Criteria</u> – Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control. A good system of internal control provides for adequate segregation of duties so no one individual handles a transaction from its inception to completion. In order to maintain proper internal control, duties should be segregated so the authorization, custody and recording of transactions are not under the control of the same employee. This segregation of duties helps prevent losses from employee error or dishonesty and maximizes the accuracy of the City's financial statements.

<u>Condition</u> – Generally, one or two individuals may have control over the following areas for which no compensating controls exist:

- (1) Investments detailed record keeping, custody and reconciling.
- (2) Receipts opening mail is not segregated from other accounting functions. In addition, an initial listing of mail receipts is not prepared.
- (3) Revenues a review of voided receipts is not conducted by an independent person who cannot void receipts.

<u>Cause</u> – The City has a limited number of employees and procedures have not been designed to adequately segregate duties or provide compensating controls through additional oversight of transactions and processes.

<u>Effect</u> – Inadequate segregation of duties could adversely affect the City's ability to prevent or detect and correct misstatements, errors or misappropriation on a timely basis by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The City should review its control activities to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances utilizing currently available staff, including elected officials, to provide additional control through review of financial transactions, reconciliations and reports. The independent reviews should be documented by the signature or initials of the reviewer and the date of the review.

<u>Response</u> – The City will review its control activities to obtain the maximum internal controls possible

Conclusion - Response accepted.

#### Schedule of Findings

#### Year ended June 30, 2024

#### 2024-002 Segregation of Duties - Clarinda Lied Recreation Center and Public Library

<u>Criteria</u> – Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control. A good system of internal control provides for adequate segregation of duties so no one individual handles a transaction from its inception to completion. In order to maintain proper internal control, duties should be segregated so the authorization, custody and recording of transactions are not under the control of the same employee. This segregation of duties helps prevent losses from employee error or dishonesty and maximizes the accuracy of the City's financial statements.

<u>Condition</u> – The Lied Recreation Center and Lied Public Library are departments of the City. For those departments, collecting and the posting of receipts to the receipts journal are performed by the same person.

<u>Cause</u> – The Lied Recreation Center and Lied Public Library have a limited number of employees and procedures have not been designed to adequately segregate duties or provide compensating controls through additional oversight of transactions and processes.

<u>Effect</u> – Inadequate segregation of duties could adversely affect the City's ability to prevent or detect and correct misstatements, errors or misappropriation on a timely basis by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The City should review its operating procedures to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances. Currently available staff, including elected officials or other City employees, should be utilized to provide additional controls through review of the financial transactions, reconciliations and financial report. The reviews should be documented by the signature or initials of the reviewer and the date of the review.

#### Responses -

<u>Clarinda Lied Public Library</u> – The limited number of staff and resources at the Library has posed challenges in achieving a complete segregation of duties; however, the Library does have a rotation of duties in which different employees are responsible for the collection of funds and the daily reconciliation which is initialed by that staff member and reviewed by the director. The Library Director is responsible for the weekly reconciliation and deposit to City Hall, which is again counted and deposited by City Hall staff. The Library uses QuickBooks software to automate record keeping.

<u>Clarinda Lied Recreation Center</u> – The City will review its operating procedures to obtain maximum internal control procedures. Due to the limited number of staff, proper internal control is a challenge.

<u>Conclusion</u> – Responses acknowledged. Elected officials or other City employees should be utilized to provide additional control through review of financial transactions, reconciliations and financial reports.

#### Schedule of Findings

#### Year ended June 30, 2024

#### 2024-003 <u>Segregation of Duties - Component Units</u>

<u>Criteria</u> – Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control. A good system of internal control provides for adequate segregation of duties so no one individual handles a transaction from its inception to completion. In order to maintain proper internal control, duties should be segregated so the authorization, custody and recording of transactions are not under the control of the same employee. This segregation of duties helps prevent losses from employee error or dishonesty and maximizes the accuracy of the component unit financial statements.

<u>Condition</u> – For the Library Foundation and the Clarinda Fire and Rescue, the collecting, depositing, posting of cash receipts to the cash receipts journal, disbursement preparation and check signing are all performed by the same person.

<u>Cause</u> – The Library Foundation and Clarinda Fire and Rescue have a limited number of Board members and employees and procedures have not been designed to adequately segregate duties or provide compensating controls through additional oversight of transactions and processes.

<u>Effect</u> – Inadequate segregation of duties could adversely affect the Library Foundation's and the Clarinda Fire and Rescue's ability to prevent or detect and correct misstatements, errors or misappropriation on a timely basis by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The Library Foundation and the Clarinda Fire and Rescue operating procedures should be reviewed to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances. Currently available staff and Board members should be utilized to provide additional control through a review of financial transactions and reconciliations.

#### Responses -

<u>Library Foundation</u> – Due to a limited number of Board members, segregation of duties are difficult. Nothing is done without a motion from the Board.

<u>Clarinda Fire and Rescue</u> – Due to a limited number of Board members, segregation of duties is not possible. All claims must be approved by the Board before payment can be made.

<u>Conclusion</u> – Responses acknowledged. The Library Foundation and Clarinda Fire and Rescue should segregate duties to the extent possible with existing personnel and Board members and utilize administrative personnel to provide additional control through review of financial transactions and reports.

# Schedule of Findings

#### Year ended June 30, 2024

#### 2024-004 Prenumbered Receipts - Component Units

<u>Criteria</u> – Prenumbered receipts should be issued at the time of collection to provide additional control over the proper collection and recording of all money.

<u>Condition</u> – For the Library Foundation and the Clarinda Fire and Rescue, prenumbered receipts are not issued for all collections.

<u>Cause</u> – The Library Foundation and Clarinda Fire and Rescue do not require prenumbered receipts to be issued for all collections.

<u>Effect</u> – Lack of prenumbered receipts could result in unrecorded or unaccounted for transactions and the opportunity for misappropriation.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The Library Foundation and the Clarinda Fire and Rescue should use prenumbered receipts for donation and other miscellaneous receipts.

#### Responses -

<u>Library Foundation</u> – The Library Foundation presently provides non-numbered receipts and logs information into accounting software. The Library Foundation will review its policies and procedures to strengthen internal controls and will review periodically for additional opportunities to strengthen internal controls.

<u>Clarinda Fire and Rescue</u> – The Clarinda Fire Department presently provides non-numbered receipts and logs information into our accounting software. The Clarinda Fire Department will review its policies and procedures to strengthen internal controls and will review periodically for additional opportunities to strengthen internal controls.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

#### **INSTANCES OF NONCOMPLIANCE:**

No matters were noted.

#### Schedule of Findings

#### Year ended June 30, 2024

2024-A <u>Certified Budget</u> – Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2024 exceeded the amounts budgeted in the debt service function. Chapter 384.20 of the Code of Iowa states, in part, "Public monies may not be expended or encumbered except under an annual or continuing appropriation."

<u>Recommendation</u> – The budget should have been amended in accordance with Chapter 384.18 of the Code of Iowa before disbursements were allowed to exceed the budget.

<u>Response</u> – The City will be more diligent in reviewing expenditures before paying vendors.

<u>Conclusion</u> – Response accepted.

- 2024-B <u>Questionable Disbursements</u> No disbursements we believe may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979 were noted.
- 2024-C <u>Travel Expense</u> No disbursements of City money for travel expenses of spouses of City officials or employees were noted.
- 2024-D <u>Business Transactions</u> No business transactions between the City and City officials or employees were noted.
- 2024-E Restricted Donor Activity No transactions were noted between the City, City officials, City employees and restricted donors in compliance with Chapter 68B of the Code of Iowa.
- 2024-F <u>Bond Coverage</u> Surety bond coverage of City officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to ensure the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- 2024-G <u>City Council Minutes</u> No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the City Council minutes but were not.
- 2024-H <u>Deposits and Investments</u> No instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapters 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the City's investment policy were noted.

#### Schedule of Findings

#### Year ended June 30, 2024

2024-I Revenue Bonds – The water revenue bond resolution requires water user rates be established at a level which produces and maintains net receipts at a level not less than 110% of the amount of principal and interest on the bonds falling due in the same year. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the City was not in compliance with the net receipt requirement of the water revenue bond resolution.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The City should ensure water user rates are established at a level which produces net receipts of 110% of the annual principal and interest payments on the bonds.

<u>Response</u> – The City of Clarenda experienced a high amount of expenditures on water main breaks during fiscal year 2024. Water rates were increase 4.5% beginning July 1, 2024 to help cover the shortfall.

<u>Conclusion</u> – Response accepted.

- 2024-J <u>Annual Urban Renewal Report</u> No instances of noncompliance with the Annual Urban Renewal Report were noted.
- 2024-K <u>Tax Increment Financing</u> The Special Revenue, Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Fund properly disbursed payments for TIF loans and rebates. Also, the City of Clarinda properly completed the Tax Increment Debt Certificate Forms to request TIF property taxes.

# Staff

# This audit was performed by:

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