# KILLEEN POLICE DEPARAMENT



# MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of the Killeen Police Department is to serve and protect in a manner that preserves the public's trust. We accomplish this by tirelessly upholding the principles of justice, protecting the innocent, and holding those who violate the law accountable. The pillar's of the 21st Century Policing Report serve as the foundation of our commitment to Community Policing. Together, we build trust, promote transparency, and create a safer, more inclusive community for everyone we serve.

# **OUR VISION**

To be recognized as a model law enforcement agency, setting the standard for excellence in policing. We envision a community where trust between the police and the public is unwavering, and collaboration is the cornerstone of public safety.

# **OUR VALUES**

Reduce Crime and the Fear of Crime in the Community Power of Transparency Accountability Provide Exceptional Customer Service Encourage Employee Involvement Engage in Ethical Conduct Respect Human Rights Support Wellness Initiatives



## MESSAGE FROM CHIEF LOPEZ

As the newly appointed Chief of Police, it is with great pride and humility that I present the Chief of Police Annual Report for the year 2023. This report serves as a comprehensive overview of our department's efforts, achievements, and challenges in ensuring the safety and security of our community.

I first want to thank my predecessor, Chief Charles "Chuck" Kimble, for leading the department for the past five years. Chief Kimble's professionalism and commitment to the citizens of Killeen have left an inedible mark on the department and the community.

Throughout the past year, the men and women of our police force have demonstrated unwavering dedication and professionalism in fulfilling our mission to serve and protect. Despite staffing challenges, we have steadfastly committed to upholding law and order.

One of our primary focuses has been on community engagement and outreach. We recognize that fostering trust and collaboration with the residents we serve is essential to maintaining public safety. Through initiatives such as neighborhood watch programs, community policing events, and our unhoused outreach programs, we have worked tirelessly to strengthen our bonds with the community and address their concerns effectively.

Furthermore, our department has prioritized proactive policing strategies for crime prevention and intervention. We have successfully reduced crime rates in several key areas by leveraging data-driven approaches and implementing targeted enforcement efforts. Additionally, our partnerships with local

agencies and organizations have enabled us to address underlying social issues and support those in need.

However, we also acknowledge that our work is far from over. We remain committed to continuously improving our practices, enhancing officer training, and embracing innovation in law enforcement technology. Furthermore, we are dedicated to fostering a culture of accountability, transparency, and equity within our department to ensure we serve all community members fairly and respectfully.



Pedro Lopez Jr Chief of Police



# KPD ORGANIZATION



Pedro Lopez Jr Chief of Police

KPD Personnel



Jeff Donohue Assistant Chief Operations Bureau



Alex Gearhart Assistant Chief Investigations Bureau



Antonia McDaniel Commander Support Services









Ronnie Supak Commander Patrol



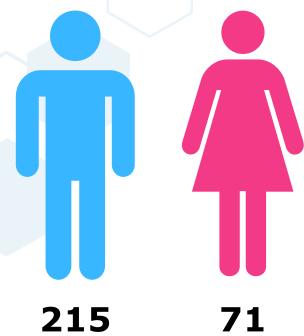


Robert Rush Commander Special Investigation



# DEPARTMENT DEMOGRAPHICS





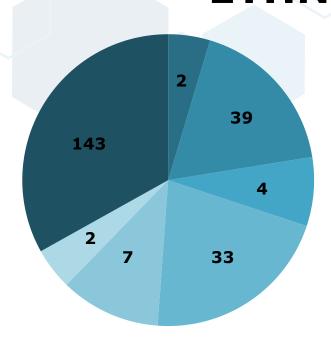
#### **MILITARY SERVICE**



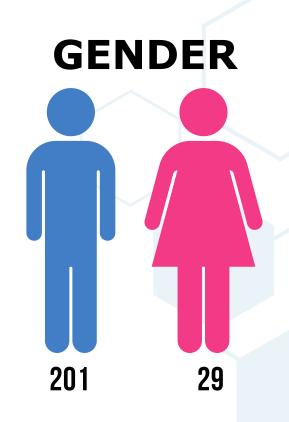
**152 VETERANS** 

# DEPARTMENT DEMOGRAPHICS -SWORN-

#### **ETHNICITY**

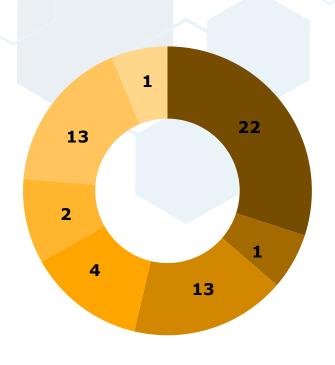


WHITE	
AMERICAN INDIAN / ALASKAN	2
BLACK	39
ASIAN	
TWO OR MORE RACES	33
HISPANIC / LATINO	7
NATIVE HAWAIIAN / PACIFIC ISLANDER	2



# DEPARTMENT DEMOGRAPHICS -CIVILIANS-

#### **ETHNICITY**



WHITE	22
AMERICAN INDIAN / ALASKAN	1
BLACK	13
HISPANIC / LATINO	4
NATIVE HAWAIIAN / PACIFIC ISLANDER	2
TWO OR MORE RACES	13
ASIAN	1

#### **GENDER**







# **OPERATING BUDGET**

\$52,853

**Administration** 

Criminal Investigation **Division** 

\$208,602

\$304,580

**Patrol** 

**Special Investigation Division** 

\$128,939

\$3,348,088

**Support Services** Division

> BUDGET **+** FOR **+ SUCCESS**



(ILLEEN

## BY THE NUMBERS

**MURDER** 507 **BURGLARY RAPE 78** 1746 **LARCENY** 71 **ROBBERY VEHICLE** 693 THEFT **AGGRAVATED** 606 **ASSAULT** NON VIOLENT 2946 **CRIME VIOLENT** 764 **CRIME** 

Calls for Service - 168,166

Victim Assistance Stats - 1,855

Community Engagement Unit (CEU) Stats -

- Business Contact Made 1,005
- Criminal Trespass Letters Obtained 96
- Citizen Contacts Conducted 1,784
- Homeless Contacts 1,937
- Homeless Camp Cleanups 51

Number of Reports - 14,347

Number of Arrests (Felonies) - 426

Number of Citations - 25,913

Number of Accidents - 2.625

Firearms Seized - 709

Narcotics Related Firearms - 65

Narcotics Related Vehicles - 3







Narcotics Seized - 76,409 grams

Narcotics Related US Currency - 121,053



#### Killeen Crime Data 2022 to 2023 Comparison

The 2023 Killeen Annual Report presents data on the city's crime rate. As Chief of Police, I am committed to ensuring the safety and security of all residents, recognizing the importance of keeping you informed.

Recording Killeen's crime rate over recent decades is crucial to dispel the misconception of a consistent rise in crime alongside population growth. Analysis indicates that from 1981 to 2023, Killeen's crime rate has consistently decreased across multiple categories, including murder, sexual assault, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny, auto theft, arson, and human trafficking.

I'm pleased to announce that overall crime has decreased in our city. However, it's crucial not to become complacent. The report includes comparisons of crime rates with other cities in Bell County and Texas, matched in population size to Killeen. Additionally, it provides the 2023 Violent Crime Report for our area, spanning from 2019 to 2023.

While these comparisons offer positive insights, we must consider factors such as population demographics, socioeconomic conditions, and law enforcement practices, which can impact crime statistics. Furthermore, delving into specific crime types or trends can offer a more nuanced understanding of safety and security in different locales.

Combating crime is a collective responsibility that involves the entire community. We urge you to stay vigilant, report suspicious activities promptly, and collaborate with us to foster a safer environment.

Rest assured, our dedicated law enforcement officers are actively addressing these challenges. We're implementing targeted strategies, increasing patrols in high-risk areas, and partnering with community organizations to prevent crime and enhance safety.

Offense	2022	2023	Difference	
Murder	19	9	-53%	
Aggravated Assault	685	606	-12%	
Assault	1879	1927	3%	
Burglary	568	507	-11%	
Vehicle Theft	432	693	60%	
Weapons Violations	438	407	-7%	



#### National Incident-Based Reporting System 2022 to 2023 **Comparison (Killeen Police Department)**

The Killeen Police Department regularly provides monthly crime data statistics to the Texas Department of Public Safety (DPS) Crime Records Division. DPS aggregates crime statistics from Texas agencies as part of the National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS), offering a comprehensive overview of crime nationwide. Law enforcement agencies across the country contribute to NIBRS by submitting crime information, aiding in law enforcement administration, operation, and management, and offering insights into the level and nature of crime in the United States.

NIBRS classifies crimes into three distinct categories:

- 1. Crimes Against Persons: These offenses entail harm, threats, or interference with an individual's freedom. Examples include murder, manslaughter, assault, kidnapping, and robbery. NIBRS categorizes crimes against persons based on offense type and the relationship between victim and offender.
- 2. **Crimes Against Property:** These offenses involve the theft or destruction of property without the use or threat of force against individuals. Examples comprise burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson. NIBRS categorizes crimes against property according to property type and the method employed in committing the offense.
- 3. Crimes Against Society: These offenses are detrimental to society rather than specific victims. Examples include drug offenses, prostitution, gambling, and weapon offenses. NIBRS categorizes crimes against society based on offense type and the societal harm it causes.

The Killeen Police Department systematically analyzes crime data to evaluate the effectiveness of crime strategy initiatives, making adjustments as necessary based on the findings. This data also furnishes actionable intelligence to the department, aiding in crime deterrence efforts. The accompanying table demonstrates decreases in Crimes Against Persons, Crimes Against Property, and Crimes Against Society in 2023 compared to 2022.

Type of Crime	2022	2023	Difference
<b>Crimes Against Persons</b>	2986	2952	-1%
<b>Crimes Against Property</b>	4493	4400	-2%
<b>Crimes Against Society</b>	2099	1766	-16%



Killeen Crime Data 2019 to 2023 Comparison to Texas Cities with Similar Populations (DPS, Report Center, April 2023)

The table below compares Killeen's Crime Per Capita Data, expressed as incidents per 100,000 residents, with other Texas cities of similar populations. When conducting such comparisons, law enforcement agencies typically analyze various key metrics:

Overall Crime Rate: This encompasses both violent crimes (such as homicide, assault, robbery) and property crimes (like burglary, theft, motor vehicle theft). The overall crime rate is often quantified as the number of incidents per 1,000 or 100,000 inhabitants.

**Specific Crime Categories:** It's crucial to categorize crime data into specific types to discern which offenses are more prevalent in each locale. This includes crimes against individuals, property-related offenses, societal transgressions, and more detailed subcategories within each.

**Trends Over Time:** Examining crime data across multiple years reveals patterns and shifts in crime rates.

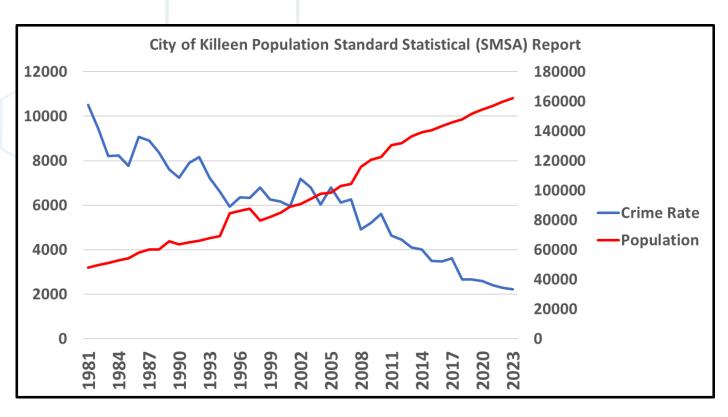
**Demographic Factors:** Variables such as demographics, socioeconomic status, and population density influence crime rates.

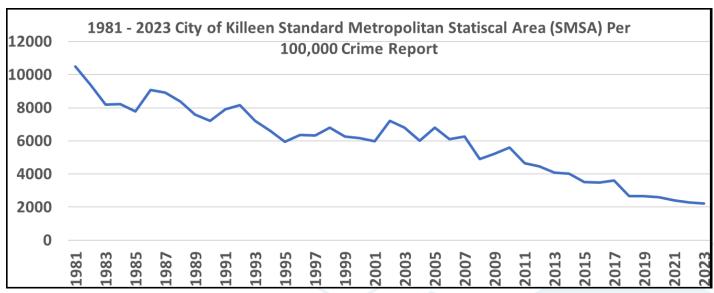
Law Enforcement Policies and Practices: Discrepancies in law enforcement tactics, community policing strategies, and crime prevention initiatives can impact crime rates. Understanding these elements is critical for interpreting crime data accurately.

The data indicates Killeen's Crime Per Capita Rate consistently falls within the lower half compared to cities of comparable size. In 2023, Killeen's crime per capita rate was lower than that of all but one city (McAllen). Moreover, Killeen has demonstrated a consistent downward trend in crime victimization rates since 2019.

City	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Brownsville	2910.8	2264.9	2230.2	2301.1	2429.8
Denton	2580.4	2492.2	2639.3	2780.3	2442.4
Killeen	2664.8	2599.5	2398.2	2294	2211.5
McAllen	2580.1	2017	1988.6	2156.6	2095.6
Mesquite	4120.8	3991.5	4004.5	4121.6	4185.2
Pasadena	3121.2	2951.4	3135.3	3452.5	3405.6
Waco	3815	4115.9	4073	3905.3	3167.9







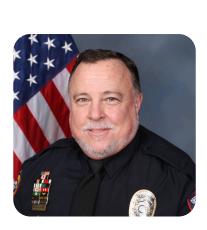




# **NEW COMMAND & PROMOTIONS**



Lieutenant **Shawn DeJournet** 



Sergeant **Brian Pruitt** 



Chief **Pedro Lopez Jr** 



Sergeant **Monica Sparks** 



Sergeant Pamela Asmus



Lieutenant **Louis Griffin** 



Sergeant **Xavier Clark** 



## ORGANIZATIONAL OVERVIEW

The department is organized into two bureaus, four divisions, and the office of the Chief of Police.

### OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF POLICE

The Chief of Police Office includes the Public Affairs Unit, Legal Service, and Internal Affairs Unit. The Chief of Police Office processes and coordinates all functions within the department and consists of a wide range of tasks necessary for the successful operation of the department.

- ▶ Public Affairs Unit: The Public Affairs Unit manages communications with the public, media relations, and community outreach efforts. The unit acts as a liaison between the agency and the community, as well as between the agency and the media. Their primary goal is to build positive relationships, promote transparency, and disseminate accurate information about the agency's activities and initiatives.
- Internal Affairs Unit: The Internal Affairs Unit is responsible for investigating allegations of misconduct, violations of policies or procedures, and other forms of wrongdoings involving agency personnel. The primary goal of the Internal Affairs Unit is to ensure accountability, maintain public trust, and uphold the agency's integrity.
- Legal Unit: The Legal Unit provides legal advise, guidance, and representation to the agency, its personnel, and leadership. The primary goal of the Legal Unit is to ensure that the agency operates within the bounds of the law, complies with legal requirements, and effectively addresses legal issues that arise during agency operations.



## **INVESTIGATIONS BUREAU**

The Investigations Bureau is commanded by an Assistant Chief who oversees the operations and personnel within the Investigations Bureau, ensuring that investigations are conducted effectively, efficiently, and in accordance with relevant laws and procedures. The Investigation Bureau consists of the following divisions:

#### **SPECIAL INVESTIGATION DIVISION**

The Special Investigation Division is supervised by a Commander who is responsible for conducting investigations into serious crimes such as organized crime, drug trafficking, human trafficking, corruption, financial crimes, cybercrimes, terrorism, and other offenses that require specialized expertise. The SID Commander and Lieutenant are responsible for the following units:

- Organized Crime Unit: The responsibilities of an Organized Crime Unit involve identifying, investigating, and disrupting criminal organizations and activities that operate in a structured and systematic manner. They complete the tasks by gathering intelligence, conducting covert and overt investigations, seizing assets obtained by criminal means, and working with the prosecutor's office at the state and federal levels.
- Violent Criminal Apprehension Team (VCAT): The Violent Criminal Apprehension Team (VCAT) is a specialized law enforcement unit tasked with identifying, locating, and apprehending violent offenders who pose a significant threat to public safety. They complete their tasks by locating and apprehending fugitives, targeting repeat offenders, gathering intelligence, and assisting other units within KPD.







#### SPECIAL INVESTIGATION DIVISION

Property Crime Unit: The Property Crime Unit is responsible for investigating crimes against property, which include offenses such as theft, burglary, vandalism, fraud, and property damage. They complete the tasks by investigating property crimes, processing evidence, identifying suspects, and working with the prosecutor's office at the state and federal levels.

#### **CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION DIVISION**

The Criminal Investigation Division (CID) is typically responsible for handling a wide range of criminal cases within a law enforcement agency. Its primary focus is investigating crimes after they have been reported or discovered. The CID Commander and Lieutenant are responsible for the following units:

**Robbery & Homicide Unit:** The Robbery Homicide Unit (RHU) is a specialized unit that focuses primarily on investigating cases involving robbery, homicide, and related violent crimes. They complete their tasks by investigating homicides and robberies, processing evidence, identifying suspects, and working with the prosecutor's office at the state and federal levels.







#### CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION DIVISION

General Investigations Unit: The General Investigations Unit (GIU) is responsible for conducting a wide range of criminal investigations that do not fall under the purview of specialized units like homicide, narcotics, or fraud. Instead, the GIU handles cases that may encompass various types of criminal activity, ranging from non-fatal assaults to complex financial crimes.



Special Victims Unit: The Special Victims Unit (SVU) focuses on investigating crimes involving victims who are particularly vulnerable or require special attention due to the nature of the offense. The primary focus of the SVU is typically on crimes such as sexual assault, domestic violence, child abuse, elder abuse, and human trafficking. They complete their tasks by investigating specific cases, processing evidence, identifying suspects, and working with the prosecutor's office at the state and federal levels.





#### CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION DIVISION

Victim Services: The Victim Services Unit (VSU) provides support, assistance, and resources to victims of crime. The primary goal of the VSU is to ensure that victims receive comprehensive and compassionate services to help them cope with the aftermath of crime and navigate the criminal justice system.







**Sex Offender Compliance:** The Sex Offender Compliance Unit is responsible for monitoring and enforcing laws and regulations designed to ensure that individuals convicted of sex offenses comply with legal requirements, including registration, community notification, and other restrictions imposed as part of their sentence or supervision.





## **OPERATIONS BUREAU**

The Operations Bureau is commanded by an Assistant Chief who plays a crucial role in ensuring that the law enforcement agency operates effectively to maintain public safety and respond to community needs. The Operations Bureau consists of the following divisions:

#### PATROL DIVISION

The Uniform Patrol Division is the department's primary and most visible staff resource. They are assigned throughout the City to increase visibility, enforce the laws, and foster positive relationships with our citizens. The Patrol Division oversees four patrol shifts (days and nights): Traffic Enforcement, Canine Unit, Jail Personnel, and Communications Unit.

- ▶ Patrol: The Patrol Division is divided into Day Patrol, Night Patrol, and Traffic Enforcement. The Patrol Division responds to calls for service, including, but not limited to, domestic violence, robbery, identity theft, and mental illness calls. The Patrol Division is responsible for suppressing and preventing crime, apprehending criminal offenders, recovering stolen property, maintaining the peace, and enforcing traffic rules and city ordinances.
- Traffic Unit: The Traffic Unit oversees and manages any traffic or parking matters that may arise and need to be resolved within the community. Officers assigned to this division are responsible for investigating car crashes, especially those involving serious bodily injury or death.







#### PATROL DIVISION

**Canine:** Canine units play a crucial role in law enforcement and security operations due to the unique abilities of dogs to detect hidden items, track suspects, and provide additional security support in various situations. Handlers in these units undergo extensive training to work effectively with their canine partners, building a strong bond and understanding of each other's cues and behaviors.







Municipal Jail: KPD Jail personnel are responsible for processing into the jail facility. Their duties include collecting inmates personal information and fingerprints from inmates, completing booking paperwork and entering data into the jail's computer system, conducting searches for contraband and confiscating personal belongings, and communicating with law enforcement agencies regarding inmate arrivals and releases.



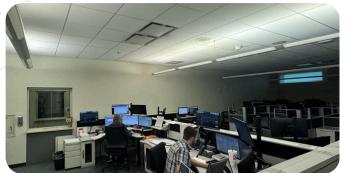




#### **PATROL DIVISION**

> Communications Office: KPD

Communications Specialists are a crucial link between the public, law enforcement officers, and other emergency responders. Their primary responsibilities revolve around managing incoming and outgoing communications, coordinating emergency responses, and supporting field personnel.





**Warrants Clerk:** The KPD Warrant Clerk plays a critical role in managing the process of warrants within the department. Primary duties include handling warrant-related paperwork, coordinating with law enforcement officers, court personnel, and other agencies, and ensuring that warrants are processed accurately and efficiently.





#### SUPPORT SERVICES DIVISION

The Support Services Division within a law enforcement agency typically encompasses a broad range of administrative and logistical functions that support the agency's overall operations. The SSD Commander and two Lieutenants are responsible for the following units:

- Training Operations Unit: The Training Operations is responsible for planning, coordinating, and executing training programs and activities for law enforcement personnel. The Training Lieutenant supervises the following units:
  - **Police** Academy: Police Academy personnel provide comprehensive training to individuals aspiring to become law enforcement officers. These training programs are designed to prepare recruits for the challenges and responsibilities of police work.
  - Recruiter: The KPD Recruiter is responsible for attracting, selecting, and preparing qualified individuals to serve as law enforcement officers.
  - **Quartermaster:** The duties of a law enforcement quartermaster involve managing the procurement, distribution, and inventory control of equipment, supplies, and uniforms.
- Community Outreach: The Community Outreach Unit fosters positive relationships between law enforcement agencies and the communities they serve. This unit typically engages in various activities and initiatives to build trust, improve communication, and enhance collaboration between law enforcement officers and community members. The Community Outreach Lieutenant supervises the following units:
  - Community Engagement Unit: The Community Engagement Unit facilitates positive interactions and partnerships between law enforcement agencies and the communities they serve. This unit builds trust, fosters collaboration, and improves communication between law enforcement officers and community members.





#### SUPPORT SERVICES DIVISION

**O** Youth Outreach: The Youth Outreach Unit is tasked with engaging and building positive relationships with young people in the community. This unit focuses on addressing the needs and concerns of youth, providing them with support, guidance, and positive opportunities, and fostering trust and cooperation between law enforcement officers and young community members. The unit is responsible for the KPD Police Explorers Program.







- Crime Prevention Unit: The Crime Prevention Unit educates the public on reducing their chance of becoming crime victims.
- Support Operations Unit: The Support Operations Unit in a law enforcement agency is responsible for providing essential support and logistical assistance to enable the effective services functioning of the entire organization. This unit handles various administrative, logistical, and technical tasks to support law enforcement operations the agency's and ensure overall efficiency. Several civilian managers the Support manage Operations Unit.
  - Facility Manager: The Facility Manager in a law enforcement agency oversees the maintenance, security, and operational efficiency of the agency's facilities, including police stations, detention centers, and other related buildings.





#### SUPPORT SERVICES DIVISION

• Records Unit: The Records Division is responsible for the management and maintenance of all traffic-related reports, police incident reports, arrest information, parking tickets, parking permits, citations, and any courtrelated documents or records to be used by the public. Records management in law enforcement involves organizing, maintaining, and retrieving various records generated during law enforcement activities. These records are crucial for documenting incidents, investigations, arrests, and other law enforcement activities and supporting administrative functions and legal requirements.







- **O** Intelligence Unit: The Intelligence Unit within a law enforcement agency is tasked with gathering, analyzing, and disseminating intelligence information to support the agency's mission of preventing and investigating criminal activity.
- O Compliance Coordinator: The Compliance Coordinator Unit within a law enforcement agency ensures the agency operates according to all applicable laws, regulations, policies, and standards.
- **O** Evidence Processing Unit: The Evidence Processing Unit within a law enforcement agency is responsible for the proper handling, storage, analysis, and documentation of physical evidence collected during investigations. Their primary goal is to ensure that evidence is processed accurately, securely, and in accordance with established protocols and legal requirements.







**COFFEE WITH A COP** 











#### **DOMESTIC VIOLENCE WALK**











#### TRUNK OR TREAT



















CAREER DAY HAY BRANCH ELEMENTARY





#### **READ ACROSS AMERICA**









# DEPARTMENT AWARDS



Neal Holtzclaw
Supervisor of the
Year



Brandon Reeves
Officer of the
Year



Amanda Holtzclaw
Plain Clothes Officer
of the Year



Austin Reed Rookie of the Year



Sofia Quintanilla

Public Servant of the Year



Gina Conway Civilian of the Year



## **AWARDS**



Rodney Wilmore State of Texas Law **Enforcement Achievement Award for Valor** 



**Jose-Daniel Rosado Exchange Club** Officer of the Year



Brett Boynton One Spirit Exchange Club Community Service Award



# **GRADUATION**

BASIC POLICE OFFICER COURSE 37





# BASIC POLICE OFFICER COURSE 38







# FALLEN OFFICERS



Robert "Bobby" Hornsby **End of Watch** 7/14/13



**Charles "Chuck" Dinwiddie End of Watch** 5/11/14



# **CONTACT US**







**Emergency: 9.1.1** 

Non-Emergency: 254.501.8830

Crime Stoppers: 254.526.8477



3304 Community Blvd Killeen, TX 76542

















