

Bianco earns national honor

Ole Miss Baseball head coach Mike Bianco was named the 2020 National Coach of the Year by Collegiate Baseball on Tuesday.

Bianco is the first Rebel skipper to be named National Coach of the Year. He joins Ole Miss legends Tom Swayze and Jake Gibbs, who combined for six Southeastern Conference Coach of the Year awards, as the only Rebel baseball coaches to earn year-end honors.

In his 20th season at the helm, Bianco led his Rebels to tie for the best record in the nation at 16-1 before the campaign was cut short due to the spread of COVID-19.

Ole Miss' lone loss came in the 2020 opener at the hands of No. 1 ranked Louisville. The Rebels fought back and won that series, and when the season concluded, they were on a 16-game winning streak—the longest in college baseball this year and just one shy of the program record.

The Rebels closed the year ranked in the top five nationally and extended their streak

to 36 consecutive weeks in the top 25. Ole Miss led the nation in home runs with 37 through 17 games and finished in the top 10 nationally in slugging percentage (3rd), runs scored per game (3rd), total runs scored (5th) and walks drawn (7th).

On the mound, Ole Miss finished with a team ERA of 2.92, placing the staff among the top 50 in the country. The Rebels were also in the top 40 nationally in shutouts (12th), strikeout-to-walk ratio (20th), walks allowed per nine innings (29th), strikeouts per nine innings (32nd) and WHIP (36th).

Three Rebels—third baseman Tyler Keenan, shortstop Anthony Serveido and left-handed pitcher Doug Nikhazy—were honored as All-Americans in 2020.

Ole Miss added two Freshman All-Americans, catcher Hayden Dunhurst and second baseman Peyton Chatagnier, making 24 in Bianco's 20 seasons. The Rebels have had two or more Freshman All-Americans in each of the last five seasons.

Bianco's squad was on pace for its third straight 40-win season before the 2020 campaign was cut short. After winning 48 in 2018, 41 in 2019 and racing out to a 16-1 start in 2020, Ole Miss is tied for the fourth-most wins in the nation since 2018 at 105.

Bianco improved his record as the Rebel head coach to 767-440-1 (.635). He is Ole Miss Baseball's all-time wins leader and is the third winningest coach in SEC history, as well as the conference's active wins leader.

After seven seasons as an assistant at Northwestern (La.) State and LSU, Bianco received his first head coaching opportunity, taking over the reins of McNeese State.

He quickly displayed his abilities to develop a competitive program. In his first season with the Cowboys in 1998, he engineered an 11-game improvement from 1997, posting a 30-26 record - the first of three 30-win seasons. The 1998 season also saw the Cowboys rise to third in the conference standings and qualify for the SLC Tournament.



MIKE BIANCO OF OLE MISS

Public Notices

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to Article IV, Section 21(D)(1) of the Louisiana Constitution, that on May 29, 2020, Entergy Louisiana, LLC ("ELL"), a public utility providing retail electric and gas service throughout the State of Louisiana, filed with the Louisiana Public Service Commission ("LPSC") its Formula Rate Plan ("FRP") Rider Schedule FRP Evaluation Report and Workpapers for Test Year 2019.

The filing reflects an earned return on common equity ("EROE") for the 2019 Evaluation Period/Test Year of 9.66%. As such, no change to Base Rider FRP Revenue is required. While Base Rider FRP Revenue will not change as a result of this filing, overall FRP Revenues will increase by approximately \$103 million. The resulting FRP factors to be applied to the respective ELL rate classes (including Legacy ELL and Legacy EGSL rate classes) effective for customer bills rendered on and after the first billing cycle of September 2020, are as follows:

Except for those rate schedules excluded under ELL Rider Schedule FRP-1, the required FRP factor of 55.3639% is to be applied to each of Legacy ELL's rate classes and the required FRP factor of 53.8811% is to be applied to each of Legacy EGSL's rate classes, both effective for monthly customer bills rendered on and after the first billing cycle of September 2020.

It is estimated that the proposed adjustment in rates will have the following effects upon applicable Legacy ELL customers' typical monthly bills: for a Residential customer using 1,000 kWh the bill would change by approximately \$3.51, from \$99.58 to \$103.09; for a Small General Service customer using 50 kW and 12,500 kWh the bill would change by approximately \$47.55, from \$1,329.15 to \$1,376.70; for a Large General Service customer using 1,000 kW and 500,000 kWh the bill would change by approximately \$1,076.26, from \$34,423.46 to \$35,499.72.

It is estimated that the proposed adjustment in rates will have the following effects upon applicable Legacy EGSL customers' typical monthly bills: for a Residential customer using 1,000 kWh the bill would change by approximately \$1.62, from \$95.03 to \$96.65; for a Small General Service customer using 5000 kWh the bill would change by approximately \$9.95, from \$59.10 to \$69.05; for a Large General Service customer using 500 kW and 255,500 kWh the bill would change by approximately \$248.37, from \$16,635.02 to \$16,883.39.

Additionally, ELL's filing proposes a reduction in the rates charged under its Additional Facilities Charge Rate Schedules (i.e., Rider Schedules AFC, AFC-L and AFC-G). The proposed revisions to these rate schedules are reflected in the proposed rate schedules contained in the filing.

For questions and comments regarding ELL's filing, please call the LPSC toll free at (800) 256-2397. Additionally, the filing, including its attachments may be viewed in the Records Division of the LPSC at the following address:

Records Division
602 N. 5th Street, 12th Floor Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70802 Telephone: (225) 342-3157

ENTERGY LOUISIANA, LLC

6.10.20

NOTICE

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING TO BE HELD ON JUNE 22 AT 6 PM AT THE CONCORDIA PARISH POLICE JURY ROOM, 4001 CARTER STREET ROOM 2, VIDALIA, LA.

TO ADOPT A SPEED LIMIT OF 25 MPH ON BOB RIFE ROAD.

6/10, 6/17

LEGAL NOTICE

Town Tax Sale of immovable Property, State of Louisiana, Parish of Concordia, Town of Clayton, Louisiana, vs Delinquent Tax Debtors.

By Virtue of the authority vested in me by the constitution and laws of State of Louisiana, I will sell at the principal front door of the City Hall in Clayton, Louisiana, within legal sale hours For Judicial Sales beginning at 10:00 A.M., Tuesday, June 30, 2020, and continuing each succeeding Day until sales are completed, all immovable property on which taxes are now due to the Town of Clayton to enforce collection of taxes assessed in the year 2019, together with interest there from The 31th day December, 2019, at the rate of ten percent annum until paid and all costs, the names of said delinquent Taxpayers, the amount due by each to be offered for sale as follows:

PROCESS VERBAL

I, Sally B. Lewis, Tax Collector, for the Town of Clayton, Louisiana, do hereby certify that the foregoing and attached pages hereto and made a part hereof, is a true and correct list of delinquent taxpayers who have failed to pay their taxes for 2019, showing their names, post office addresses and a brief description of their properties on which taxes are due, and the amount of the taxes; that the parties have failed to pay the taxes assessed to them on the property described in this list and a printed and written notice has been mailed to each of them that the property would be sold according to law; that each of the notices showed the amount of the taxes due.

In faith whereof, I have closed the process Verbal this 13th day of May, 2020, in the presence of two undersigned witnesses over the age of 14 years.

s/s Sally Lewis

TAX COLLECTOR

WITNESSES:

s/s Josephine Washington

s/s Bobby L. Madison, Sr.

UNPAID TAXES FOR THE TOWN OF CLAYTON 13 MAY, 2020 ASSESSMENT NUMBER

#0540036650	Delgado, Therese Silva, Etals 106 Summer Hill Drive	113 Dianne Street A tract of land out of lot
Vicksburg, MS 39180-0000	21, being on Lazarus Addn. Being 85' 189'; \$30.17 Plus Costs	
#0540036651	Delgado, Theresa Silva, Etals 106 Summer Hill Drive Vicksburg, MS 39180-0000	Lots 7 & 8, Bingham-Mc Clure Addn, M5-252 K4- 289 P7-1 338-187 339- 566 \$2.52 Plus Costs
#0540017120	PAID	Loomis Addn; 355- Clayton LA 71326-0000 \$4.10 Plus Costs

#0540011060	E ₁ PAID	Bingham -McClure
221 Bingham	Clayton, LA 71326-0000	Plus Costs
#0540009000	E ₁ PAID	Bingham Street Bing re Addn, Clayton, LA 71326-0000
#0540012900	Green, Jerome Sr. PO Box 58 Clayton, LA 71326	322 Loomis Street Lot 19, Loomis Addn; \$21.32 Plus Costs
#0540016520	Henderson, Calvin Tyrone 211 Loomis Street Clayton, La 71326-0000	211 Loomis St. Lot 62, Loomis Addn. \$13.14 Plus Costs
#0540016900	H ₁ PAID	Loomis Street Park Sub.; Plus Costs
#0540017400	M ₁ PAID	Plus Costs
5/13,20,27 6/3,10,17		

Public Notice

The Concordia Parish Recreation District #1 - Ferriday will host a meeting via Zoom Thursday, June 18, 2020. Meeting ID: 333 396 3400 Meeting PASSWORD: 11HPKV

June 10, 17

The Water We Drink LAKE ST JOHN WATERWORKS DISTRICT 1 Public Water Supply ID: LA1029006

We are pleased to present to you the Annual Water Quality Report for the year 2019. This report is designed to inform you about the quality of your water and services we deliver to you every day (Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable. Tradúzcalo o hable con alguien que lo entienda bien). Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source(s) are listed below:

Source Name	Source Water Type
WELL 3 FRONT WELL	Ground Water
WELL 2 BACK WELL	Ground Water

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial Contaminants** - such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- Inorganic Contaminants** - such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- Pesticides and Herbicides** - which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic Chemical Contaminants** - including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems.
- Radioactive Contaminants** - which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

A Source Water Assessment Plan (SWAP) is now available from our office. This plan is an assessment of a delineated area around our listed sources through which contaminants, if present, could migrate and reach our source water. It also includes an inventory of potential sources of contamination within the delineated area, and a determination of the water supply's susceptibility to contamination by the identified potential sources. According to the Source Water Assessment Plan, our water system had a susceptibility rating of 'MEDIUM'. If you would like to review the Source Water Assessment Plan, please feel free to contact our office.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Food and Drug Administration regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you have any questions about this report, want to attend any scheduled meetings, or simply want to learn more about your drinking water, please contact WILLIAM COLEMAN at 318-757-3853.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. LAKE ST JOHN WATERWORKS DISTRICT 1 is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

The Louisiana Department of Health routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. The tables that follow show the results of our monitoring during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2019. Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk.

In the tables below, you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms, we've provided the following definitions:

- Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/L)** - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000,000.
- Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter (ug/L)** - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000,000.
- Picocuries per liter (pCi/L)** - picocuries per liter is a measure of the radioactivity in water.
- Treatment Technique (TT)** - an enforceable procedure or level of technological performance which public water systems must follow to control a contaminant.
- Action Level (AL)** - the concentration of a contaminant that, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

- Maximum contaminant level (MCL)** - the "Maximum Allowed" MCL is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLG as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
- Maximum contaminant level goal (MCLG)** - the "Goal" is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to human health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
- Maximum residual disinfectant level (MRDL)** - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.
- Maximum residual disinfectant level goal (MRDLG)** - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to human health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.
- Level 1 assessment** - A study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.
- Level 2 assessment** - A very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

During the period covered by this report we had the below noted violations.

Compliance Period	Analyte	Type
1/1/2019 - 3/31/2019	TOTAL HALOACETIC ACIDS (HAAS)	MCL, LRAA
1/1/2019 - 3/31/2019	TOTAL HALOACETIC ACIDS (HAAS)	MCL, LRAA
1/1/2019 - 3/31/2019	TTTHM	MCL, LRAA
7/1/2019 - 9/30/2019	TOTAL HALOACETIC ACIDS (HAAS)	MCL, LRAA
10/1/2019 - 12/31/2019	TOTAL HALOACETIC ACIDS (HAAS)	MCL, LRAA
10/1/2019 - 12/31/2019	TTTHM	MCL, LRAA

Our water system tested a minimum of 2 samples per month in accordance with the Total Coliform Rule for microbiological contaminants. With the microbiological samples collected, the water system collects disinfectant residuals to ensure control of microbial growth.

Disinfectant	Date	HighestRAA	Unit	Range	MRDL	MRDLG	Typical Source
CHLORINE	2019	2	ppm	1.13 - 2.9	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes.

In the tables below, we have shown the regulated contaminants that were detected. Chemical Sampling of our drinking water may not be required on an annual basis; therefore, information provided in this table refers back to the latest year of chemical sampling results. To determine compliance with the primary drinking water standards, the treated water is monitored when a contaminant is elevated in the source water.

Source Water Regulated Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Value	Range	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Typical Source
FLUORIDE	10/8/2019	1.3	0.8 - 1.3	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories

Treated Water Regulated Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Value	Range	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Typical Source
No Detected Results were Found in the Calendar Year of 2019							

Source Water Radiological Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Value	Range	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Typical Source
GROSS ALPHA PARTICLE ACTIVITY	10/8/2019	4.48	0 - 4.48	pCi/l	15	0	Erosion of natural deposits
GROSS ALPHA, EXCL. RADON & U	10/18/2019	3.57	3.28 - 3.57	pCi/l	15	0	Erosion of natural deposits

Treated Water Radiological Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Value	Range	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Typical Source
No Detected Results were Found in the Calendar Year of 2019							

Lead and Copper	Date	90 th Percentile	Range	Unit	AL	Sites Over AL	Typical Source
COPPER, FREE	2016 - 2018	0.2	0 - 0.3	ppm	1.3	0	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives
LEAD	2016 - 2018	2	0 - 3	ppb	15	0	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits

Disinfection Byproducts	Sample Point	Period	Highest LRAA	Range	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Typical Source
TOTAL HALOACETIC	261 WILDLIFE AND FISHERIES RD	2019	70	56 -	ppb	60	0	By-product of drinking

ACIDS (HAAS)	RD	Period	Highest Value	Range	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Typical Source
TOTAL HALOACETIC ACIDS (HAAS)	S861 HWY 568	2019	72	64.3 - 84.4	ppb	60	0	By-product of drinking water disinfection
TTTHM	261 WILDLIFE AND FISHERIES RD	2019	73	68 - 78.6	ppb	80	0	By-product of drinking water chlorination
TTTHM	S861 HWY 568	2019	84	73.4 - 89	ppb	80	0	By-product of drinking water chlorination

Source Secondary Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Value	Range	Unit	SMCL
CHLORIDE	10/8/2019	38	18 - 38	MG/L	250
IRON	10/8/2019	0.04	0.02 - 0.04	MG/L	0.3
MANAGANESE	10/8/2019	0.01	0 - 0.01	MG/L	0.05
PH	10/8/2019	7.47	7.42 - 7.47	PH	8.5

Treated Secondary Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Value	Range	Unit	SMCL
No Detected Results were Found in the Calendar Year of 2019					

+++Environmental Protection Agency Required Health Effects Language+++ Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Additional Required Health Effects Language:

Some people who drink water containing haloacetic acids in excess of the MCL over many years may have an increased risk of getting cancer.

Some people who drink water containing trihalomethanes in excess of the MCL over many years may experience problems with their liver, kidneys, or central nervous systems, and may have an increased risk of getting cancer.

There are no additional required health effects violation notices. ++++++ Thank you for allowing us to continue providing your family with clean, quality water this year. In order to maintain a safe and dependable water supply we sometimes need to make improvements that will benefit all of our customers. We at the LAKE ST JOHN WATERWORKS DISTRICT 1 work around the clock to provide top quality drinking water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect and conserve our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life, and our children's future. Please call our office if you have questions.

6.10.20

**Public Notice Deadline
Friday Noon**
Notices accepted by mail or email
P.O. Box 1485
Ferriday, LA 71334
legals@concordiasentinel.com
318-757-3646

Please note - confirmations for all public notices are always made by phone or e-mail reply. Please include contact name and number on all correspondence and contact our office immediately if such confirmation is not received.