

**Richlands Pharmacy** 2625 Front Street Richlands. VA. 24641

## **Gestational Diabetes**

Gestational diabetes is a type of diabetes that develops during pregnancy. This condition causes high blood sugar that can affect your pregnancy and your baby's health.

Managing your gestational diabetes is very important in preventing a difficult birth and keeping you and your baby healthy. Babies born to mothers with uncontrolled gestational diabetes can be overly large at birth, making delivery more dangerous. Babies born to mothers with gestational diabetes can also have breathing problems. Moreover, children exposed to diabetes in the womb are more likely to become obese during childhood and adolescence, and develop type 2 diabetes later in life.

If you have gestational diabetes your blood sugar will usually return to normal soon after your baby is born. However, women who have had gestational diabetes are at higher risk for developing type 2 diabetes later in life, so healthy eating, physical activity, and weight maintenance are important steps to prevention.





This article is compiled from information provided by http://www.cdc.gov/diabetes/risk/gender/women.html. This article is not to be construed as an evaluation or diagnosis of a disease or health issue. Consult your physician, Mutual pharmacist, or healthcare provider. Images provided by www.dollarphotoclub.com.



## **Alzheimer's Signs and Symptoms**

Memory problems are typically one of the first signs of cognitive impairment related to Alzheimer's disease. Some people with memory problems have a condition called mild cognitive impairment (MCI). People with MCI have more memory issues than normal for their age, but their symptoms do not interfere with their everyday lives. Movement difficulties and problems with the sense of smell have also been linked to MCI. Older people with MCI are at greater risk for developing Alzheimer's, but not all of them do. Some people with MCI may even return to normal cognition.

The first symptoms of Alzheimer's vary from person to person. For many, decline in non-memory aspects of cognition, such as word-finding, vision and spatial issues, and impaired reasoning or judgment, may signal the very early stages of Alzheimer's disease.

Researchers are studying biomarkers (biological signs of disease found in brain images, cerebrospinal fluid, and blood) to see if they can detect early changes in the brains of people with MCI and in cognitively normal people who may be at greater risk for Alzheimer's. Studies indicate that such early detection may be possible, but more research is needed before these techniques can be relied upon to diagnose Alzheimer's disease in everyday medical practice.





This article is compiled from information provided by https://www.nia.nih.gov/alzheimers/publication/alzheimers-disease-fact-sheet. This article is not to be construed as an evaluation or diagnosis of a disease or health issue. Consult your physician, Mutual pharmacist, or healthcare provider. Images provided by www.dollarphotoclub.com.



## November 2015

Promotions are good from 11-01-15 through 11-30-15

Products shown may not be available in all stores. Quantities are limited. We reserve the right to limit quantities and correct printing errors. Circumstances may prevent us from reordering some items in this publication.





## **November 2015**

Promotions are good from 11-01-15 through 11-30-15

Products shown may not be available in all stores. Quantities are limited. We reserve the right to limit quantities and correct printing errors. Circumstances may prevent us from reordering some items in this publication.

